

## Rubin Observatory Glossary and Acronym Definitions

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These are the full contents of the glossary definition file Tags are used by generateAcronyms.py to differentiate between overloaded entries. For information and usage see https://lsst-texmf.lsst.io/lsstdoc.html#acronyms-or-glossaries.

Entry	Description	Tags
1D	One-dimensional	Gen
2D	Two-dimensional	Gen
2MASS	Two-Micron All Sky Survey	Gen
3D	Three-dimensional	Gen
A/D	Analogue-to-Digital (converter)	Gen
AA	Authentication and Authorization	TS
AAAC	Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee	TS
AAAS	American Association for the Advancement of Science	Gen
AAPT	American Association of Physics Teachers	TS
AAS	American Astronomical Society	Gen
AAVSO	American Association of Variable Star Observers	TS
ABI	Application Binary Interface	Gen
ABOD	AURA Board of Directors	Gen
AC	Alternating Current	Gen
ACCS	Auxiliary Camera Control System	LSST DM
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	Gen
ACM	Award Cash Management Service	OPS
ACWP	Actual Cost of Work Performed	Gen
AD	Associate Director	OPS
ADASS	Astronomical Data Analysis Software and Systems	Gen
ADC	atmospheric dispersion corrector	TS
ADC	Analogue-to-Digital Converter	Gen
ADCO	Associate Director for Chilean Operations	TS Gen
ADQL	Astronomical Data Query Language	Gen
ADS	Astrophysics Data System	OPS Gen
ADU	Analogue-to-Digital Unit	Gen
AED	Automated External Defibrillator	OPS



AEON	Alert Event Observatory Network	OPS Sci
AGN	active galactic nuclei	TS
AGN	Active Galactic Nuclei	OPS
AGU	American Geophysical Society	TS
AIP	American Institute of Physics	Gen
AISES	American Indian Science and Engineering Society	DEI
AIT	Assembly Integration and Test	Gen
AIV	Assembly Integration and Verification	Gen
ALD	Associate Lab Director	OPS DOE
ALICE	A Large Ion Collider Experiment	Gen
ALMA	Atacama Large Millimeter Array (ESO)	Gen
AMCL	AURA Management Council for LSST	LSST
AMCR	AURA management Council for Rubin Observatory	OPS Rubin
AMD	Advanced Micro Devices	OPS
AMPATH	Americas Pathway (Network)	Gen
ANSI	American National Standards Institute	Gen OPS
ANTARES	Arizona-NOA Temporal Analysis and Response to Events System	OPS
AOB	Any Other Business	Gen
AOC	AURA Oversight Council	OPS
AOS	Active Optics System	TS
AOSS	AURA Observatory Support Services	OPS
AP	Alert Production	LSST DM
APDB	Alert Production DataBase	DM
API	Application Programming Interface	Gen
APS	American Physical Society	TS
arcmin	arcminute minute of arc (unit of angle)	Gen
arcsec	arcsecond second of arc (unit of angle)	Gen
ASAP	As Soon As Possible	Gen
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	Gen
ASDC	ASI Science Data Center (Italy)	OPS
ASI	Agenzia Spaziale Italiana	OPS
ASP	Astronomical Society of the Pacific	TS
AST	NSF Division of Astronomical Sciences	TS
AT	Auxiliary Telescope	TS
ATCA	Advanced Telecommunications Architecture	TS
ATCS	Auxiliary Telescope Control System	TSSW



ATLAS	A Toroidal LHC Apparatus	Gen
ATM	Adaptavist Test Management	LSST DM
AU	deprecated acronym for astronomical unit; use au instead	Gen
au	astronomical unit	Gen
AURA	Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy	Gen
AWIS	Association for Women in Science	DEI
AWS	Amazon Web Services	Gen
В	Byte (8 bit)	Gen
b	bit	Gen
BAC	Budget At Complete	Gen
BAO	Baryon Acoustic Oscillations	Sci
BCE	Before Common Era	Gen
BCR	Baseline Change Request	CAM
BCWP	Budgeted Cost of Work Performed	Gen
BCWS	Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled	Gen
BDC	Base Data Center	DM IT
BGP	Border Gateway Protocol	IT
BEE	back-end electronics	TS
BJD	barycentric corrected Julian date	TS
BNF	Backus-Naur Form	Gen
BNL	Brookhaven National Laboratory	Gen
BOE	Basis of Estimate	Gen
BOF	Birds of a Feather (Sessions at ADASS)	Gen
BPS	Batch Production Service	DF LDF DM
Bps	Bytes per second	Gen
bps	bit(s) per second	Gen
BTU	British Thermal Unit	OPS
CA	Control (or Cost) Account	Gen
CADC	Canadian Astronomy Data Centre	Gen
CAM	CAMera	LSST DM
CAM	Control (or Cost) Account Manager	Gen
CAOM	Common Archive Observation Model	DM Gen
CAS	Central Administrative Services	Adm
CASNET	AURA's financial reporting database	Adm
СВ	Configuration Baseline	LSST DM
CBP	Collimated Beam Projector	DM LSST OPS



CC	Change Control	Gen
CC-IN2P3	Centre de Calcul de l'IN2P3	Gen
ССВ	Change Control Board	LSST DM
CCD	Charge-Coupled Device	Gen
ССОВ	Camera Calibration Optical Bench	LSST DM
CCP	Change Control Process	Adm
CCS	Camera Control System	LSST DM
CDN	Content Delivery Network	DM IT
CDS	Centre de Donnes astronomiques de Strasbourg	Gen
CEC	International in-kind Contribution Evaluation Committee	LSST
CEE	Communications, Education, and Engagement	OPS OIR
CEP	Cost Estimating Plan	OPS
CEPP	COVID-19 Exposure Prevention Plan	OPS
CERN	European Organization for Nuclear Research	Gen
CET	Community Engagement Team	OPS OIR
CfA	(Harvard-Smithsonian) Center for Astrophysics	Gen
CFD	computational fluid dynamics	TS
CFHT	Canada-France-Hawaii Telescope	TS
CFHT-LS	A 5-passband legacy imaging survey conducted at the Canada-	Sci
	France-Hawaii Telescope from 2003-2008	
CFHTLS	Canada-France-Hawaii Telescope Legacy Survey	TS
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	OPS
CI	Continuous Integration	Gen
CI	Cyber Infrastructure	Petabytes
CIS	Computer Infrastructure Support	TS
CLP	Chilean Peso	OPS
CM	Configuration Management	LSST DM
CMB	Cosmic Microwave Background	Sci OPS
CMDB	Configuration Management Database	LSST DM
CMMS	Computerized Maintenance Management System	OPS
CMOS	complementary metal-oxide semiconductor	TS
CNRS	Centre national de la recherche scientifique	Gen
ComCam	The commissioning camera is a single-raft, 9-CCD camera that will	Gen
	be installed in LSST during commissioning, before the final cam-	
	era is ready.	



COMPASS	Catalogues of Objects and Measured Parameters from All Sky Surveys	Gen
CORBA	Common Object Request Broker Architecture	Gen
COS	Center Operations Services	OPS
COTS	Commercial-Off-The-Shelf	Gen
COVID	COrona VIrus Disease	Gen
CP	catalog prices	TS
CPI	Cost Performance Index	Gen
CPP	Calibration Production Processing	LSST DM
CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation	Gen
CPU	Central Processing Unit	Gen
CQA	Compliance and Quality Administrator	
CR	Change Request	LSST DM
CR	Cosmic Ray	Gen
CRB	cluster reference boards	TS
CRIO	CompactRIO National Instruments	TSSW
CRTS3	Catalina Real-Time Transient Survey	TS
CS	citizen science	TS
CSA	Cooperative Support Agreement	Gen
CSC	Commandable SAL Component	TS
CSDC	Community Science Data Center	OPS OIR
CSV	Comma Separated Values	Gen
CTIO	Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory	Gen
CV	Curriculum Vitae	Gen
DAC	Data Access Center	LSST DM
DAF	data access framework	TS
DAQ	Data Acquisition System	LSST DM
DAX	Data Access Services	LSST DM
DB	DataBase	Gen
Db	Decibel	Gen
DBA	database administrator	TS
DBB	Data Backbone	LSST DM
DBBBM	Data Backbone Buffer Manager	DM
DBMS	DataBase Management System	Gen
DC	Data Center	LSST DM
DC2	Data Challenge 2 (DESC)	OPS



DCM	Directorate Communications Manager	OPS
DCR	Differential Chromatic Refraction	Gen
DCT	Discovery Channel Telescope (Lowell Observatory)	TS
DDF	Deep Drilling Fields	OPS
DDMPM	Data Management Deputy Project Manager	LSST DM
DDN	Data Delivery Network	Gen
DDOS	Distributed Denial Of Service	IT Gen
DDS	Data Distribution System	TSSW
DE	dark energy	TS
DEC	Declination	Gen
deg	degree; unit of angle	Gen
DEI	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	DEI
DES	Dark Energy Survey	LSST DM OPS
DESC	Dark Energy Science Collaboration	LSST DM OPS
DESI	Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument	LSST DM OPS
DETF	Dark Energy Task Force (AAAC/HEPAP joint advisory sub-	TS
	committee)	
DF	Data Facility	OPS DF DM
DIA	Difference Image Analysis	DM
DIT		
DIMM	Differential Image Motion Monitor	Gen
DIMM	Differential Image Motion Monitor	Gen
DIMM DKIST	Differential Image Motion Monitor  Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope	Gen OPS
DIMM DKIST DLS	Differential Image Motion Monitor  Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope  Deep Lens Survey	Gen OPS TS
DIMM DKIST DLS DM	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management	Gen OPS TS LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team	Gen OPS TS LSST DM LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board	Gen OPS TS LSST DM LSST DM LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System	Gen OPS TS LSST DM LSST DM LSST DM LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist	Gen OPS TS LSST DM LSST DM LSST DM LSST DM LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS DMLT	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist DM Leadership Team	Gen OPS TS LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS DMLT DMO	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist DM Leadership Team Data Management Organization	Gen OPS TS LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS DMLT DMO DMOC	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist DM Leadership Team Data Management Organization Data Management Operations Chile	Gen OPS TS LSST DM TS
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS DMLT DMO DMOC DMOG	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist DM Leadership Team Data Management Organization Data Management Operations Chile Data Management Operations Group	Gen OPS TS LSST DM TS TS
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS DMLT DMO DMOC DMOG DMOG DMPM	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist DM Leadership Team Data Management Organization Data Management Operations Chile Data Management Operations Group Data Management Project Manager	Gen OPS TS LSST DM TS TS LSST DM
DIMM DKIST DLS DM DM-SST DMCCB DMCS DMIS DMLT DMO DMOC DMOG DMPM DMQA	Differential Image Motion Monitor Daniel K. Inouye Solar Telescope Deep Lens Survey Data Management DM System Science Team DM Change Control Board Data Management Control System DM Interface Scientist DM Leadership Team Data Management Organization Data Management Operations Chile Data Management Operations Group Data Management Project Manager Data Management Quality Assurance	Gen OPS TS LSST DM TS TS LSST DM LSST DM



DMSR	DM System Requirements; LSE-61	LSST DM
DMSS	DM Subsystem Scientist	LSST DM
DMSST	DM System Science Team	LSST DM
DMTN	DM Technical Note	LSST DM
DMTR	DM Test Report	LSST DM
DNS	Domain Name Service	OPS
DOE	Department of Energy	Gen
DoF	Degree(s) of Freedom (also known as DOF)	Gen
DOI	Digital Object Identifier	DM OPS
DOM	Document Object Model	Gen
DoNM	Date of Next Meeting	Gen
DOS	Data Operations Services	OPS OIR
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation	OPS
DP	Data Production	OPS
DP0	Data Preview 0	OPS
DP1	Data Preview 1	OPS
DP2	Data Preview 2	OPS
DPAC	Data Processing and Analysis Consortium (Gaia)	Gen
DPC	Data Policy Committee	OPS
DPDD	Data Product Definition Document	LSST DM
DPP	Data Products Processing	TS
DQ	data quality	TS
DQA	data quality assurance	TS
DR	Data Release	LSST DM
DR1	Data Release 1	OPS
DR2	Data Release 2	OPS
DR10	Data Release 10	OPS
DR11	Data Release 11	OPS
DRB	Data Release Board	OPS
DRP	Data Release Production	LSST DM
DS9	Deep Space 9 (specific astronomical data visualisation applica-	Gen
	tion; SAOImage)	
DTN	Data Transfer Node	LSST DM
DUNE	Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment	Sci
DWDM	Dense Wave Division Multiplex	Gen LSST DM
EA	enterprise architect	TS



EAC	Estimate At Completion	LSST DM
EB	ExaByte	Gen
EDC	EPO Data Center	OPS EPO
EDR	early data release	TS
EE	engineering estimate	TS
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory	Gen
EFD	Engineering and Facility Database	LSST DM
EIE	European Industrial Engineering - Italian engineering company (Dome)	LSST DM
EOS	Engineering Operations Services	OPS
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	Gen
EPLS	Excludable Parties List	TS
EPO	Education and Public Outreach	LSST DM
EPOC	Education and Public Outreach Center	OPS
ESA	European Space Agency	Gen
ESAC	European Space Astronomy Centre	Gen
ESD	electrostatic discharge	TS
ESNet	Energy Sciences Network	Gen
ESO	European Southern Observatory	OPS
ET	exposure time	TS
ETC	Estimate To Complete	Gen LSST DM
ETL	extract-transform-load	TS
ETS	engineering and technical devices	TS
ETU	Engineering Test Unit	LSST DM
EUPS	Extended Unix Product System	LSST DM
eV	electron-Volt	Gen
EVM	Earned Value Management	Adm Gen
EVMS	Earned Value Management System	Adm Gen
EXIST	Energetic X-ray Imaging Survey Telescope	TS
F2F	Face 2 Face (meeting)	DM
FAQ	Frequently Asked Question	Gen
FAR	Federal Acquisition Regulations	TS
FDP	federated data product	TS
FDR	Final Design Review	LSST DM
FEA	Finite Element Analysis	OPS
FEC	Front-End Cage	TS



FEE	Front-End Electronics	TS
FFRDC	Federally Funded Research and Development Center	Gen OPS
FFT	Fast Fourier Transform	Gen
FGCM	Forward Global Calibration Model	DM
FGST	Fermi Gamma-ray Space Telescope	Sci OPS
FIFO	First In First Out	Gen
FITS	Flexible Image Transport System	Gen
FIU	Florida International University	Gen
FK5	Fifth Fundamental Catalogue	Gen
FLOP	FLoating point Operation	IT
FLOPS	FLoating point Operation per Second	IT
FMEA	failure modes and effect analysis	TS
FMECA	Failure Modes, Effects, and Causality Analysis	OPS OIR
FNAL	Fermi National Accelerator Lab	OPS
FOA	Facilities Operations in Arizona	OPS
FOC	Facilities Operations in Chile	OPS
FOH	Facilities Operations in Hawaiʻi	OPS
FoM	Figure of Merit	Gen
FoV	Field of View (also denoted FOV)	Gen
FOV	field of view	TS
FPA	Focal Plane Array	LSST
FPD	Fundamental Physics Directorate	OPS
FPGA	Field-Programmable Gate Array	Gen
FPRD	functional performance requirements document	TS
FPSL	Forced-Photometry Sensitivity Limit	TS
FS	File System	Gen
FSAAS	Filesystem as a Service	IT
FTE	Full-Time Equivalent	Adm Gen
FUSE	a user space filesystem framework	IT
FWHM	Full Width at Half-Maximum	Gen
FWP	Field Work Proposals	OPS
FY	Financial Year	OPS DM
FY21	Financial Year 21	OPS
GAVO	German Astronomical Virtual Observatory	Gen
GB	Gigabyte	Gen
Gb	Gigabit	Gen



gcc The GNU Compiler Collection; a C and C++ compiler Gen	
GCE Google Compute Engine IT	
GCN GRB Coordinates Network Gen	
GCP Google Cloud Platform IT	
GCS Generic Control System TSSW	/
GDS Guider Data System TS	
GFLOP Giga FLOP Gen	
GFLOPS Giga FLOP per Second Gen	
GID Group Identifier IT	
GIS Global Interlock System	
GLAST Gamma-Ray Large Area Space Telescope TS	
GLONASS GLObal NAvigation Satellite System Gen	
GMT Giant Magellan Telescope OPS	
GMU George Mason University TS	
GNU GNU's Not Unix! An operating system and an extensive collection OPS [	DM
of free computer software	
GPFS General Parallel File System (now IBM Spectrum Scale) Gen	
GPL GNU Public License Gen	
GPS Global Positioning System Gen	
GPU Graphics Processing Unit Gen	
GRB Gamma-Ray Burst Gen	
GST Greenwich Sidereal Time Gen	
GUI Graphical User Interface Gen	
GW Gravitational Wave Sci Ol	PS
HBCU Historically Black Colleges and Universities DEI	
HD historical data TS	
HDD Hard Disk Drive DM G	en
HEALPix Hierarchical Equal-Area iso-Latitude Pixelisation Gen	
HEASARC NASA's Archive of Data on Energetic Phenomena Gen	
HEP High Energy Physics Gen	
HEPAP HEP Advisory Panel TS	
HIPS Hierarchical Progressive Survey Gen	
HPC High Performance Computing DM	
HQ Head Quarters OPS	
HR Human Resources Gen	



HSC	Hyper Suprime-Cam	Gen
HSI	Hispanic Serving Institutions	DEI
HST	Hubble Space Telescope	Gen
HTC	High Throughput Computing	DM
HTM	Hierarchical Triangular Mesh	Gen
HTML	HyperText Markup Language	Gen
HTTP	HyperText Transfer Protocol	Gen
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning	OPS
HW	HardWare	Gen
I&T	Integration and Test	Gen
IAM	Identity and Access Management	IT
IAU	International Astronomical Union	Gen
IBM	International Business Machines	Gen
ICBS	International Communications and Base Site	LSST DM
ICD	Interface Control Document	Adm
ICoD	Interface Compliance Document	Adm
IDA	Interface Design Artifact	TS
IDAC	Independent Data Access Center	DM OPS
IDF	Interim Data Facility	OPS
IDL	Interactive Data Language	Gen
IIP	image ingest and processing	TS
ImSim	Image Simulation	Sims
IN2P3	Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules	Gen
loA	Institute of Astronomy (Cambridge; also denoted IOA)	Gen
IP	Internet Protocol	DM
IPC	International Program Coordinator	OPS
IPAC	No longer an acronym; science and data center at Caltech	Gen
IPEDS	Integrated Postsecondary Educational Data System	DEI
IPS	Integrated Project Schedule	Adm
IR	infrared	TS
IRAF	Image Reduction and Analysis Facility	Hist
IRNC	International Research Network Connections	TS
IRSA	Infrared Science Archive	Gen
IRU	indefinable right to use	TS
IS	Interface Scientist	LSST DM
. =		



ISD	Interface Support Document	
ISM	interstellar medium	TS
ISO	International Standards Organisation	Gen
ISR	Instrument Signal Removal	LSST DM
IT	Information Technology	Gen
ITC	Information Technology Center	LSST DM
ITIL	Information Technology Infrastructure Library	Gen
ITO	IT Operations	OPS OIR
ITSC	Information Technology Services Committee	Adm
IVOA	International Virtual-Observatory Alliance	Gen
JD	Julian Date	Gen
JDBC	Java DataBase Connectivity	Gen
JDR	Joint Directors Review	LSST
JHU	Johns Hopkins University	Gen
JOG	Joint Oversight Group	Adm
JPL	Jet Propulsion Laboratory (DE ephemerides)	Gen
JRE	Java Runtime Environment	Gen
JSON	JavaScript Object Notation	Gen
JSR	Joint Status Review	LSST DM
JTM	Joint Technical Meeting	LSST DM
JVM	Java Virtual Machine	Gen
JWST	James Webb Space Telescope (formerly known as NGST)	Gen
K8S	Kubernetes provisioning system	IT LSST DM
KB	KiloByte	Gen
KBO	Kuiper-Belt Object	Gen
kbps	kilobits per second	Gen
KIPAC	Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology	Sci
KPM	Key Performance Metric	LSST DM
KPMO	Kitt Peak Mountain Operations	OPS
KPNO	Kitt Peak National Observatory	OPS
KW	Kilowatt	Gen
L1	Lens 1	TS
L2	Lens 2	TS
L3	Lens 3	TS
L4	Lens 4	TS
LAN	Local Area Network	Gen



LAPACK	Linear Algebra PACKage	Gen
LASER	Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation	Gen
LaTeX	(Leslie) Lamport TeX (document markup language and document	Gen
	preparation system)	
LATISS	LSST Atmospheric Transmission Imager and Slitless Spectrograph	TS
LBT	Large Binocular Telescope	TS
LBTO	Large Binocular Telescope Observatory	OPS
LCA	Document handle LSST camera subsystem controlled documents	CAM
LCLS	Linac Coherent Light Source	Gen
LCO	Las Cumbres Observatories	Gen
LCR	LSST Change Request	LSST DM
LCURM	AIP Liaison Committee on Underrepresented Minorities	DEI
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol	IT
LDF	LSST Data Facility	LSST DM
LDM	LSST Data Management (Document Handle)	LSST DM
LDO	LSST Document Operations (Document Handle)	LSST OPS
LED	Light-Emitting Diode	Gen
LEP	LSST EPO (Document Handle)	LSST EPO
LF	luminosity function	TS
LHC	Large Hadron Collider (at CERN)	Gen
LHN	long haul network	TS
LIGO	Laser Interferometer Gravitational-Wave Observatory	TS
LILA	Links Interconnecting Latin America	TS
LISA	Laser Interferometer Space Antenna	TS
LLNL	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	Gen
LOE	Level of Effort	Gen
LOP	LSST Operations Plan	TS
LOVE	LSST Operations Visualization Environment	LSST DM
LOY	LSST Operations Year	OPS
LPGL	Lesser Public GNU general License	Gen
LPM	LSST Project Management (Document Handle)	LSST DM
LSE	LSST Systems Engineering (Document Handle)	LSST DM
LSP	LSST Science Platform (now Rubin Science Platform)	LSST DM
LSR	LSST System Requirements; LSE-29	LSST DM
LSST	Legacy Survey of Space and Time (formerly Large Synoptic Survey Telescope)	Gen



LSSTC	LSST Corporation	Adm
LSSTPO	LSST Project Office	Adm
LTS	LSST Telescope and Site (Document Handle)	TS
LUT	Look-Up Table	Gen
LZ	LUX-ZEPELIN (Dark Matter Mission)	Sci
M1	primary mirror	TS
M1M3	Primary Mirror Tertiary Mirror	LSST
M2	Secondary Mirror	LSST
M3	tertiary mirror	TS
MACHO	massive compact halo object	TS
MASS	Multi-Aperture Scintillation Sensor	TS
MAST	Mikulski Archive for Space Telescopes	Gen
MB	MegaByte	Gen
Mb	Megabit (1000000 bit)	Gen
MBA	main belt asteroid	TS
MBE	model-based engineering	TS
MBps	Megabits per second	Gen
MBSE	model-based systems engineering	TS
MBTU	Mega British Thermal Unit	OPS
MC	Monte-Carlo (simulation/process)	Gen
MCM	Master Control Module	TS
MCMC	Monte Carlo Markov Chain	Gen
MEMS	micro-electronic mechanical systems	TS
MERRA	Modern-Era Retrospective analysis for Research and Applications	NASA
MIDAS	Munich Image Data Analysis System (ESO)	Gen
MIE	Major Item of Equipment	OPS
MJD	Modified Julian Date (to be avoided; see also JD)	Gen
MMT	Multiple Mirror Telescope	OPS
MNRAS	Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society	TS
MOA	Memo Of Agreement	OPS
MOC	Multi Ordered Catalogue	VO DM
MODTRAN	MODerate resolution TRANsmission model	TS
MOF	Multi-Object Multi-Band Fitting	OPS
MOPS	Moving Object Processing System (deprecated; see SSP)	LSST DM
MOSFET	Metal-Oxide Semiconductor Field-Electric Transistor	Gen
MOU	Memo Of Understanding	OPS



MPA	Max Planck Institute for Astrophysics	Gen
MPC	Minor Planet Center	Gen
MPO	Memorandum Purchase Order	OPS DOE
MPP	Massively Parallel Process	DM
MPS	NSF Mathematical and Physical Sciences directorate	OPS
MPS/AST	NSF Mathematical and Physical Sciences directorate's Division of	OPS
	Astronomical Sciences	
MREFC	Major Research Equipment and Facility Construction	Gen
MREN	Montenegrin Research and Education Network	Gen
MSB	Most Significant Bit	Gen
MSO	Mid-Scale Observatories	OPS OIR
MT	Main Telescope	TS
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit	IT NET
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failures	OPS
MTDC	Modified Total Direct Costs	OPS
MTM1M3	Main Telescope M1M3	TS
MTM2	Main Telescope Secondary Mirror	TS
MTOFC	Main Telescope Optical Feedback Control	TS
MTTR	Mean Time To Repair	OPS
MYDB	My Database	DM Gen
NACME	National Action Council for Minorities in Engineering	DEI
NAOJ	National Astronomical Observatory of Japan	Gen
NAS	National Academy of Science	Sci
NAS	Network Attached Storage	DM
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Gen
NAT	nodal aberration theory	TS
NCOA	National Center for Optical-Infrared Astronomy	Gen
NCOIRA	(Obsolete now NOIRLab) National Center for Optical and Infrared	TS
	Astronomy	
NCR	Non Conformance Report	PMO
NCSA	National Center for Supercomputing Applications	Gen
NCW	Non Conformance Waiver	PMO
NEA	Near-Earth Asteroid	Gen
NED	NASA/IPAC Extragalactic Database	Gen
NEO	Near-Earth Object	Gen
NET	Network Engineering Team	LSST DM



NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	OPS
NFS	Network File System	Gen
NGSS	Next-Generation Science Standards	OPS
NIR	Near Infrared	Sci
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology (USA)	Gen
NLR	National Lambda Rail	TS
NMOC	NSF's OIR Lab Management Oversight Council	Gen
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	Gen
NOAO	National Optical Astronomy Observatories (USA)	Gen
NOC	Network Operations Center	NET
NOGLSTP	National Organization of Gay and Lesbian Scientists and Technical Professionals	DEI
NOIR	NSF's National Optical-Infrared Astronomy Research Laboratory;	Gen
	https://nationalastro.org	
NOS	NSF's OIR Lab Operations Services	OPS OIR
NPCF	National Petascale Computing Facility	OPS OIR
NRAO	National Radio Astronomy Observatory	Gen
NRC	National Research Council	OPS
NSB	National Science Board	TS
NSBP	National Society of Black Physicists	DEI
NSF	National Science Foundation	Gen
NSF's OIR Lab	NSF's National Optical-Infrared Astronomy Research Laboratory;	Gen
	https://nationalastro.org	
NSO	National Solar Observatory	OPS
NSS	NOAO Support Services	OPS
NTP	Network Time Protocol	OPS
NTS	NCSA Test Stand	DM CAM
NUV	Near Ultraviolet	Sci
NVMe	Non Volatile Memory Express	DM IT
NYT	New York Times	Gen
OAB	Outreach Advisory Board	EPO
OBS	Organisation Breakdown Structure	Gen
OC	AURA Observatory Council	OPS
OCDD	Operations Concept Definition Document	OPS
OCPS	OCS Controlled Pipeline System	TS DM
OCS	Observatory Control System	LSST DM



OHEP	Office of High-Energy Physics	TS
Ol	Organization International	OPS
OIR	optical and infrared astronomy	TS
OMB	Office of Management and Budget	OPS
OODS	Observatory Operations Data Service	DM
OPCC	Oficina de Protección de la Calidad del Cielo	OPS
OPD	optical path difference	TS
OPS	Operations	LSST DM
OpSim	Operations Simulation	Sims
OPSTN	Operations Technical Note	LSST DM
ORR	Operations Readiness Review	OPS
OS	Operating System	Gen
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	OPS
OSI	open systems interconnect	TS
OSPL	OpenSplice DDS - the underlying messaging system for SAL	TS
OSS	Observatory System Specifications; LSE-30	LSST DM
OSX	Macintosh Operating System (obsolete; now macOS)	Gen
ОТВ	Over Target Baseline	Gen
OTS	observatory telemetry system	TS
PanDA	Production ANd Distributed Analysis system	OPS
Pan-STARRS	Panoramic Survey Telescope and Rapid Response System	Gen
Parsl	Parallel Scripting Library http://parsl-project.org/	DM
РВ	PetaByte	Gen
PBI	Predominantly Black Institution	DEI
PCA	Principal Component Analysis	Gen
PCB	printed circuit boards	TS
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect	Gen
PCW	Project Community Workshop	LSST DM
PD	Program Development	OPS
PDAC	Prototype Data Access Center	LSST DM
PDF	Portable Document Format	Gen
PDF	Probability Density Function	Gen
PDR	Preliminary Design Review	LSST DM
PDR1	Public Data Release 1 (HSC)	OPS
PDR2	Public Data Release 2 (HSC)	OPS
PDU	Power Distribution Unit	LSST DM



PEP	Project Execution Plan	Adm
PFS	Prime Focus Spectrograph	Gen
PHA	potentially hazardous asteroids	TS
PI	Principle Investigator	Sci OPS
PII	personally identifiable information	TS
PLL	Phase-Locked Loop	Gen
PM	Project Manager	LSST DM
PMCS	Project Management Controls System	LSST DM
PMM	precision measuring machine	TS
PMO	Project Management Office	Adm
PMP	(DM) Project Management Plan; LDM-294	LSST DM
POC	Proof Of Concept	Gen
POC	People Of Color	DEI
POCIT	People Of Color In Tech	DEI
POE	POly Esters	OPS
POP	Project Operating Plan	LSST OPS
POSIX	Portable Operating System Interface	Gen
PPDB	Prompt Products DataBase	DM
PPE	Personal Protection Equipment	OPS
PR	Pull Request	Gen
PRC	Procurement Charge	OPS DOE
PRT	Personal Research Time	OPS
PS	Project Scientist	LSST DM
PSD	power spectral density	TS
PSF	Point Spread Function	Gen
PST	Project Science Team	LSST DM
PSTN	Project Science Technical Note	LSST DM
PVI	Processed Visit Image	DM
PWI	Predominantly White Institution	DEI
QA	Quality Assurance	Gen
QAP	Quality Assurance Plan	TS
QC	Quality Control	Gen
QE	quantum efficiency	TS
QSERV	LSST Query Services	TS
RA	Right Ascension	Gen
RAC	Resource Allocation Committee	OPS



RAID	Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks	Gen
RAL	Rutherford Appleton Laboratory (UK)	Gen
RAM	Random Access Memory	Gen
RAVE	Radial Velocity Experiment (spectroscopic survey)	TS
RBSE	Research-Based Science Education (AURA)	OPS
RC	Release Candidate	Gen
RCC	Raft Control Rate	CAM
RCI	Raft Communication Interface	CAM
RCM	Raft Communication Module	CAM
RDBMS	Relational Database Management System	Gen
RDO	Rubin Directors Office	OPS
RDP	Rubin Data Production	OPS
REB	Readout Electronics Board	LSST DM
REN	Research and Education Network	OPS
RENATER	Réseau National de télécommunications pour la Technologie	OPS
	l'Enseignement et la Recherche	
REO	Rubin Education and Outreach	OPS
REST	REpresentational State Transfer	IT
REUNA	Red Universitaria Nacional	Gen
RFC	Request For Comment	LSST DM
RFP	Request For Proposals	PMO
RFQ	Request For Quotations	LSST OPS
RM	Release Manager	LSST DM
RMS	Root-Mean-Square	Gen
RNP	Rede Nacional de Ensino e Pesquisa (National Education and Re-	IT
DOO	search Network Brazil)	ODC
ROO	Rubin Observatory Operations	OPS
ROOT	Object-oriented data analysis framework developed at CERN	Gen
RPF	Rubin system PerFormance	OPS
RPM	RPM Package Manager (originally Red Hat Package Manager; now a recursive acronym)	IT
RS232C	Standard 25-pin serial connection between computers and	Gen
	modems	
RSA	Raft Sensor Array	CAM
RSP	Rubin Science Platform	DM
RSS	square root of the sum of the squares	TS
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RTA	responsible technical authority	TS
RTD	Resistance Temperature Detector	OPS
RTI	rise time invariance	TS
RTM	Raft Tower Module	CAM
RTN	Rubin Technical Note	LSST DM
RTV	raster to vector	TS
S3	(Amazon) Simple Storage Service	IT
SaaS	Software as a Service	Gen
SAC	Science Advisory Committee	LSST Adm
SACNAS	Society for Advancement of Chicanos/Hispanics and Native Amer-	DEI
	icans in Science	
SAL	Service Abstraction Layer	OPS TSSW
SAMP	Simple Application Messaging Protocol	Gen
SAO	Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory	Gen
SAPP	Science Algorithms, Pipelines, and Products	TS
SATA	Serial Advanced Technology Attachment	IT DM
SBS	Shared Business Services	OPS OIR
SC	Science Collaboration	DM
SCADA	Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition	TS
SCIDAR	Scintillation Detection And Ranging	TS
SCOC	Survey Cadence Optimization Committee	OPS
SCOSC	Survey Cadence Optimization Strategy Committee	OPS
SDQA	Science Data Quality Assessment	DM LSST
SDS	Science array Data acquisition Subsystem	TS
SDSS	Sloan Digital Sky Survey	Gen
SE	System Engineering	Rubin
SED	Spectral Energy Distribution	Sci
SEM	Systems Engineering Manager	Adm
SEMP	Systems Engineering Management Plan	LSST DM
SEWG	Survey Evaluation Working Group	OPS
SHA-1	Secure Hash Algorithm 1	Gen
SHE	Safety, Health, and Environmental	
SHPE	Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers	DEI
SI	Système International (International System of units defined by ISO)	Gen
SIA	Simple Image Access	Gen



SIT	System Integration, Test	LSST OPS
SIT-COM	System Integration, Test and Commissioning	LSST OPS
SLA	Service Level Agreement	Gen
SLAC	SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	LSST DM
SMARTS	Small and Moderate Aperture Research Telescope System	OPS
SN	SuperNovae	Sci
SO	scientific operations	TS
SOAP	Simple Object Access Protocol	Gen
SOAR	Southern Astrophysical Research Telescope	Gen
SOC	Science Operations Centre	OPS Gaia
SODA	Server-side Operations for Data Access	Gen
SODAR	sonic detection and ranging	TS
SOF	Single-Object Fitting	OPS
SOG	science operations group	TS
SOML	Steward Observatory Mirror Lab (University of Arizona)	Gen
SOS	Science Operations Services	OPS
SOW	Statement Of Work	Gen
SP	Survey Performance	Sci
SP	System PerFormance	OPS
SP	Story Point	DM
SPI	Schedule Performance Index	Gen
SPIE	The international society for optics and photonics	Gen
SPL	Science PipeLines	DM
SQL	Structured Query Language	Gen
SQR	SQuARE document handle	LSST DM
SQuaRE	Science Quality and Reliability Engineering	LSST DM
SQuaSH	Science Quality Analysis Harness	DM
SRCF	Stanford Research Computing Facility	OPS
SRD	LSST Science Requirements; LPM-17	LSST DM
SRT	Science Raft Tower	CAM
SS	Subsystem Scientist	LSST DM
SSC	Survey Strategy Committee	OPS
SSD	Solid-State Disk	Gen
SSH	Secure SHell	Gen
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer	IT
SSM	Subsystem Manager	Adm



SSP	Solar System Processing	LSST DM
SST	Simonyi Survey Telescope	Gen
SST	Subsystem Science Team	LSST DM
stdin	standard input	Gen
stdout	standard output	Gen
STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering and Math	Gen
STFC	UK Science and Technology Facilities Council	OPS
SU	Stanford University	OPS
SUI	Science User Interface (original name for the LSP Portal and API	LSST DM
	Aspects)	
SUIT	Science User Interface and Tools (LSST Data Management WBS	LSST DM
	element and team, responsible for LSP Portal Aspect)	
SV	Science Validation	LSST DM
SW	Software (also denoted S/W)	Gen
SWE	Society of Women Engineers	DEI
T/CAM	Technical/Control (or Cost) Account Manager	LSST DM
T&S	Telescope and Site	LSST DM
TAC	Time Allocation Committee	OPS
TACABS	absolute time-recording accuracy (millisecond)	TS
TACC	Texas Advanced Computing Center	Gen
TACREL	internal (relative) time-recording accuracy (millisecond)	TS
TAI	International Atomic Time	Gen
TAP	Table Access Protocol	Gen
TB	TeraByte	Gen
TBA	To Be Announced	Gen
TBC	To Be Confirmed	Gen
TBD	To Be Defined (Determined)	Gen
TBR	To Be Resolved	Gen
TC	Thermocouple	LSST DM
TCAM	Technical Control (or Cost) Account Manager	DM
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol	IT
TCS	Telescope Control System	TS DM
TCT	Technical Control Team (obsolete; now DMCCB)	LSST DM
TEA	Top End Assembly	TS
TFLOP	Tera FLOP	Gen
TLD	Top Level Domain	IT



TLS	Transport Layer Security	IT
TMA	Telescope Mount Assembly	TS DM
TMT	Thirty Meter Telescope	OPS
TNO	trans-Neptunian object	TS
TOPCAT	Tool for OPerations on Catalogues And Tables	Gen
TOWG	Technical Operations Working Group	TS
TS	Test Specification	LSST DM
TSIP	Telescope System Instrumentation Program	OPS
TSS	Telescope and Site Software	LSST
TVSS	transient voltage surge suppressor	TS
UA	University of Arizona	TS
UCL	University College London (UK)	Gen
UDP	User Datagram Protocol	Gen
UHV	Ultra-high vacuum	LSST OPS
UI	User Interface	Gen
UID	User Identifier	IT
UIUC	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign	TS
UK	United Kingdom	Gen OPS
UKDF	United Kingdom Data Facility	OPS
UKIDSS	UKIRT Infrared Deep Sky Survey	Gen
UKIRT	United Kingdom Infrared Telescope	Gen
UML	unified modeling language	TS
UNSO	United States Naval Observatory	TS
UPS	uninterruptible power supply	TS
URL	Universal Resource Locator	Gen
US	United States	Gen
USD	United States dollar	TS
USDF	United States Data Facility	OPS DF DM
USNO	United States Naval Observatory	Gen
UT	Universal Time	Gen
UT1	Universal Time 1	Gen
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time	Gen
UW	University of Washington	Gen
UX	User Experience	Gen
VCD	Verification Control Document	LSST DM
VE	vendor estimate	TS



VF2F	Virtual Face 2 Face (meeting)	DM
VISTA	Visible and Infrared Survey Telescope for Astronomy	Gen
VLA	Very Large Array (NRAO)	Gen
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network	IT
VLBA	Very Long Baseline Array	Gen
VLBI	Very Long Baseline Interferometry	Gen
VLT	Very Large Telescope (ESO)	Gen
VLTI	Very Large Telescope Interferometer (ESO)	Gen
VM	Virtual Machine	Gen
VNOC	Virtual Network Operations Center	NET
VO	Virtual Observatory	Gen
VOIP	Voice Over Internet Protocol	IT DM
VPC	Virtual Private Cloud	IT
VPN	virtual private network	TS
VQ	vendor quote	TS
VRO	(not to be used)Vera C. Rubin Observatory	Gen
VST	VLT Survey Telescope	Gen
W3C	World Wide Web Consortium	Gen
WAN	Wide Area Network	Gen
WBS	Work Breakdown Structure	Gen
WCAG	Web Content Accessibility Guidelines	OPS
WCS	World Coordinate System	Gen
WEPAN	Women in Engineering ProActive Network	DEI
WFD	Wide Fast Deep	OPS
WFS	WaveFront Sensor	TS
WG	Working Group	LSST DM
WIED	Women In Engineering Division	DEI
WISE	Wide-field Survey Explorer	Gen
WIYN	(No longer an acronym - formerly:) Wisconsin, Indiana University,	Gen
	Yale University, NOAO (National Optical Astronomy Observato-	
	ries) Observatory	
WL	Weak gravitational Lens cosmic shear	Sci
WLMS	work load management service	TS
WMS	Work Management System	OPS
WOUCAO	Windows on the Universe Center for Astronomy Outreach	OPS
WP	Work Package	OPS



WRHEN	Western Hemisphere Research & Education Networks	TS
WSDL	Web Services Description Language	Gen
WWT	World Wide Telescope	TS
XHTML	eXtensible HyperText Markup Language	Gen
XML	eXtensible Markup Language	Gen
XMM	X-ray Multi-mirror Mission (ESA; officially known as XMM-Newton)	Gen
XSD	XML Schema Definition	Gen
XSEDE	Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment	OPS
XSL	eXtensible Stylesheet Language	Gen
XSLT	eXtensible Stylesheet Language Transformation	Gen
YAML	Yet Another Markup Language	Gen
ZD	zenith distance	TS
ZTF	Zwicky Transient Facility	Gen
Accident	An undesired event that results in harm to people, damage to	Adm
	property, or loss to process. Accidents result from contact with	
	a substance or source of energy above the threshold limit of the	
	body structure	
Accruals	Accounts on a balance sheet that represent liabilities and non-	Adm
	cash-based assets used in accrual-based accounting; these ac-	
	counts include, among many others, accounts payable, accounts	
	receivable, goodwill, future tax liability, and future interest ex-	
	pense	
adaptive mo-	The second moments of the source intensity distribution, which	Sci
ments	are used for measuring source shapes. This approach is close to	
	optimal for measuring the shapes of faint galaxies	
afw	LSST's pipeline library code and primitives including images and	DM
	tables	
aggregate	An aggregation of multiple point metrics. For example, the overall	DM QA
metric	photometric repeatability for a particular tract given given the re-	
	peatability of multiple individual stars in the tract. See also: "met-	
	ric"	
aggregation	The process of reducing multiple input values to a single output,	DM QA
	e.g., a metric value, computed from a collection of input values.	
	For example, a sum or average of a metric computed over patches	
	to produce an aggregate metric at tract level. See also: "metric",	
	"aggregate metric"	



The pathlength of light from an astrophysical source through the airmass Earth's atmosphere. It is given approximately by sec z, where z is the angular distance from the zenith (the point directly overhead, where airmass = 1.0) to the source Alert A packet of information for each source detected with signal-tonoise ratio > 5 in a difference image by Alert Production, containing measurement and characterization parameters based on the past 12 months of LSST observations plus small cutouts of the single-visit, template, and difference images, distributed via the internet Alert Produc-Executing on the Prompt Processing system, the Alert Produc-DM tion tion payload processes and calibrates incoming images, performs Difference Image Analysis to identify DIASources and DIAObjects, and then packages the resulting alerts for distribution. Alert Produc-A dedicated, internal database system used to support LSST Alert DM tion DataBase Production. Does not support end-user access. algorithm A computational implementation of a calculation or some method Sci of processing A single observation of an LSST field comprised of one 30 second **Alternate** DM Standard Visit exposure **Amplifier** An electronic component of a CCD that is used to recover the sig-CAM nal during read-out. For LSST, multiple amplifiers on each CCD will enable simultaneous read-out of adjacent regions of each detector. Often this term is used, not quite correctly, as a synonym for a read-out channel Apache Par-A columnar storage data persistence format maintained by the DM QA quet Apache project aperture cor-A correction that is applied to fluxes of sources that were mea-DM rection sured within a finite aperture, to account for the source flux that lies outside the aperture. This correction is usually based upon a model of the PSF as derived from bright, isolated stars. From the model one can derive the magnitude of the correction with aperture size and its variation with position in the image, which asymptotically approaches 1.0 at infinite aperture. Fluxes of sources in crowded fields are often measured with small apertures to avoid contamination, and then corrected with this approach



**Archive** The repository for documents required by the NSF to be kept. These include documents related to design and development, construction, integration, test, and operations of the LSST observatory system. The archive is maintained using the enterprise content management system DocuShare, which is accessible through a link on the project website www.project.lsst.org Part of the LSST Data Management System, the LSST archive cen-Archive Cen-DM ter ter is a data center at NCSA that hosts the LSST Archive, which includes released science data and metadata, observatory and engineering data, and supporting software such as the LSST Software Stack Archiver The IIP component responsible for transferring raw images and DM metadata to OODS and DBB in real time Association of consortium of US institutions and international affiliates that op-Adm Universities erates world-class astronomical observatories, AURA is the legal for Research entity responsible for managing what it calls independent operating Centers, including LSST, under respective cooperative agreein Astronomy ments with the National Science Foundation. AURA assumes fiducial responsibility for the funds provided through those cooperative agreements. AURA also is the legal owner of the AURA Observatory properties in Chile Association An application that matches detected Sources or DIASources or Pipeline generated Objects to an existing catalog of Objects, producing a (possibly many-to-many) set of associations and a list of unassociated inputs. Association Pipelines are used in Alert Production after DIASource generation and in the final stages of Data Release processing to ensure continuity of Object identifiers In astronomy, the sub-discipline of astrometry concerns precision astrometry Sci measurement of positions (at a reference epoch), and real and apparent motions of astrophysical objects. Real motion means 3-D motions of the object with respect to an inertial reference frame; apparent motions are an artifact of the motion of the Earth. Astrometry per se is sometimes confused with the act of determining a World Coordinate System (WCS), which is a functional characterization of the mapping from pixels in an image or spectrum to world coordinate such as (RA, Dec) or wavelength



astronomical A star, galaxy, asteroid, or other physical object of astronomical object interest. Beware: in non-LSST usage, these are often known as sources A quantitative performance parameter in the context of the Attribute SE SysML based SysArch model used to generate a requirements document **AURA** , group reporting to the AURA Board of Directors that oversees Adm Management the activities of the LSST Project Office and advocates the mission Council for of the LSST **LSST** AURA , group reporting to the AURA Board of Directors that oversees the Management activities of the Rubin Observatory Directors Office and advocates Council the mission of the observatory for Rubin Observatory AURA-O AURA Observatory in Chile Gen AuxTel LSST's 1.2-meter Auxiliary Telescope will measure atmospheric Gen transmission and will be used to calibrate LSST images. background In an image, the background consists of contributions from the DM sky (e.g., clouds or scattered moonlight), and from the telescope and camera optics, which must be distinguished from the astrophysical background. The sky and instrumental backgrounds are characterized and removed by the LSST processing software using a low-order spatial function whose coefficients are recorded in the image metadata **Base Facility** The data center located at the Base Site in La Serena, Chile. The DM Base Facility is composed of the Base portion of the Prompt Enclave directly supporting Observatory operations, the Commissioning Cluster, an Archive Enclave holding data products, and the Chilean Data Access Center The cost of a particular project element as of a year chosen to rep-Base Year Cost resent an arbitrary cost level of 100, usually the year the project plan was created or refreshed. New, up-to-date base years are periodically introduced to keep data current



Baseline	The point at which project designs or requirements are considered to be 'frozen' and after which all changes must be traced and approved	Adm
Baseline, Cost	The 'frozen' total costs required for completion of the project based on known resources (staff, physical assets, knowledge, etc.) that will be needed	Adm
Baseline, Design	The baseline defining the site specific preliminary design of the LSST subsystems and their associated hardware and software deliverables required to meet the requirements and definitions of the System Baseline	Adm
Baseline, Functional	The baseline defining at the highest level the scientific, functional, and performance requirements for what the LSST Observatory is and what it must do as a whole	Adm
Baseline, Schedule	The 'frozen' amount of time required for completion of the project based on known resources (staff, physical assets, knowledge, etc.) that will be needed	Adm
Baseline, Sys- tem	The baseline defining the high level set of functional and performance requirements for the LSST system and each of the LSST subsystems (Camera, Telescope and Site, and Data Management), the Observatory Control System, and Education and Public Outreach	Adm
Baseline, Technical	The 'frozen' requirements, specifications, designs, and allocations needed for completion of the project based on known resources (staff, physical assets, knowledge, etc.) that will be needed	Adm
Basis of Esti- mate	justification for arriving at a particular cost estimate, including estimating methods, approach taken, prices used, assumptions made; an analyzed and carefully calculated number	Adm
Batch Production	Computational processing that is executed as inputs become available, in a distributed way across multiple enclaves when needed, while tracking status and outputs. Examples of Batch Production include offline processing for Prompt Data Products, calibration products, template images, and Special Programs data products. Prioritization protocols for the various types of batch production are given in LDM-148	DM



brighter-The common term used to refer to one of the photometric qualifatter effect ties of the LSST camera: sources with a higher flux have a broader PSF. This is accounted for during calibration Broker Software which receives and redistributes Alerts, and may also DM perform processing such as filtering for certain characteristics, cross-matching with non-LSST catalogs, and/or light-curve classification, in order to identify and prioritize targets for follow-up and/or make scientific analyses. Builder Individuals who have accumulated 2 FTE years worth of employ-Adm ment/contributions to the LSST Project **Business** The person responsible for all business activities of the LSST Adm Manager Project and the LSST Corporation; he or she serves as liaison to AURA CAS, develops and monitors contracts, and serves as the LSST Corporation Secretary Butler A middleware component for persisting and retrieving image datasets (raw or processed), calibration reference data, and catalogs Buyer Includes the terms 'Buyer' 'subcontract administrator or officer' Adm 'contracts administrator or officer' sub-award administrator, or any other LSSTC authorized procurement official as used herein are inter-changeable **CA-FACTS** NSF Cooperative Agreement Financial & Administrative Terms Gen and Conditions Cadence The sequence of pointings, visit exposures, and exposure dura-Sims Sci tions performed over the course of a survey CalExp A particular type of Butler dataset that consists of an image cor-DM responding to a single CCD, which has been characterized and calibrated. (A Butler term.) Calibrated Deprecated term; see Processed Visit Image DM Science lmage



calibration	The process of translating signals produced by a measuring instrument such as a telescope and camera into physical units such as flux, which are used for scientific analysis. Calibration removes most of the contributions to the signal from environmental and instrumental factors, such that only the astronomical component remains	DM
Calibration Image	Any of a set of images used in the Instrument Signature Removal pipeline to remove distortions caused by the telescope, detector, or other sources, from the raw images. Includes darks, flats, tunable-laser dome flats, etc	DM
Calibration Scientist	The person responsible for the system calibration plan who establishes the requirements for the constituent elements of the calibration hardware, software, and operational data. The Calibration Scientist works under the direction of the Systems Engineering group	DM
Camcol	In the SDSS survey, a camera column is the range (in declination) covered by a single sensor in the camera	CAM
Camera	The LSST subsystem responsible for the 3.2-gigapixel LSST camera, which will take more than 800 panoramic images of the sky every night. SLAC leads a consortium of Department of Energy laboratories to design and build the camera sensors, optics, electronics, cryostat, filters and filter exchange mechanism, and camera control system	CAM
camera	An imaging device mounted at a telescope focal plane, composed of optics, a shutter, a set of filters, and one or more sensors ar- ranged in a focal plane array	Sci
Camera Crosstalk- Corrected Image	An image from the Camera system that has had crosstalk removed but has not been processed by the Instrument Signature Removal pipeline	DM
Catch-up Archiver	The Archiver for any images missed by the real time archiver	DM
CatSim	The catalog simulator simulates the properties and distributions of stars, galaxies, and asteroids that LSST expects to observe.	Sci
Center	An entity managed by AURA that is responsible for execution of a federally funded project	Adm



Central Administrative Services	AURA corporate division responsible for providing accounting, procurement, and business IT support services to AURA centers	Adm
Change Control	The systematic approach to managing all changes to the LSST system, including technical data and policy documentation. The purpose is to ensure that no unnecessary changes are made, all changes are documented, and resources are used efficiently and appropriately	Adm
Change Control Board	Advisory board to the Project Manager; composed of technical and management representatives who recommend approval or disapproval of proposed changes to, deviations from, and waivers to a configuration item's current approved configuration documentation	Adm
Change Control Board Chair	The person responsible for CCB administration and implementation of approved changes to the project technical, cost, and schedule baselines; the CCB Chair is also the Systems Engineering Manager (SEM)	Adm
Change Control Process	collection of formal documented procedures used to apply technical and administrative direction and monitoring processes to the Project. Proposed changes to items under change control must undergo impact analysis to assess their effect(s) on project cost, schedule and performance capabilities. All changes to items under change control must be approved by the Project Manager, or if certain thresholds apply, by the LSST Director and/or the NSF. See LPM-19	Adm
Change Controlled Documents	Those documents which have been designated by the project as under formal configuration control	Adm
Channel	An amplifier on an LSST camera CCD (see sensor). For LSST there are 16 amplifiers for each science sensor, resulting in 16 parallel data channels from each device. The 16 channels comprising a sensor are numbered from "0,0" through '1,7'. This term may also refer to the raw data from a read-out amplifier of a sensor	CAM
Charge- Coupled Device	a particular kind of solid-state sensor for detecting optical-band photons. It is composed of a 2-D array of pixels, and one or more read-out amplifiers	CAM Sci



Chi-squared A Coadd Image that is the weighted sum of multiple input im-Coadd Image ages, where for each input: coadd.image += image.image\*\*2 / image.variance coadd.mask |= image.weightMap += weight For bad pixels, coadd and weightMap are not altered. Note that the inputs must be aligned to a common projection and pixel grid and corrected to the same photometric scale and zero-point Chief The principal scientific advisor to the LSST Director; he or she acts Scien-Adm as an interface to the science community in order to ensure that tist the LSST program is scientifically and technologically well founded and that the specifications are appropriate for achieving the scientific goals of the project CmdLineTask A special kind of Task that can read its inputs and write its out-DM puts using a Butler, and can run easily from the command-line. CmdLineTask is a specific implementation of the concept of a command-line task. CmdLineTasks are being phased out in favor of PipelineTasks. Coadd Image An image that is the combination of multiple input images. The inputs are aligned to a common projection and pixel grid, corrected to the same photometric scale and zero-point, with bad pixels and artifacts rejected. (Image PSFs may also be matched prior to coaddition.) Coadd Images have had non-astrophysical background removed COBRA The trade name for an integrated suite of project management Adm software programs that work together to track all aspects of an ongoing construction job Collimated The hardware to project a field of sources onto discrete sections DM Beam Projecof the telescope optics in order to characterize spatial variations in the telescope and instrument transmission function, and to tor monitor filter throughput evolution during the survey. Images obtained using the CBP will be used in calibration command-An enhancement of a Task in the LSST Stack context, it is the DM line task equivalent of a data processing pipeline and may be run directly from the shell command-line. A command-line task minimally consists of: a configuration and metadata, an argument parser, and a run method and a runner script



Commissioning A two-year phase at the end of the Construction project during which a technical team a) integrates the various technical components of the three subsystems; b) shows their compliance with ICDs and system-level requirements as detailed in the LSST Observatory System Specifications document (OSS, LSE-30); and c) performs science verification to show compliance with the survey performance specifications as detailed in the LSST Science Requirements Document (SRD, LPM-17) Compliance Adherence to the laws, regulations, award terms and conditions, Adm specifications, and internal policies applicable to the LSST Project Compliance The person who directs activities designed to ensure the LSST Adm Quality Project's compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and in-Administraternal policies. The CQA reports directly to the LSST Project Mantor ager. However, if appropriate and applicable, s/he also may directly report significant compliance issues and matters to the LSST Director and the NSF configuration A task-specific set of configuration parameters, also called a 'config'. The config is read-only; once a task is constructed, the same configuration will be used to process all data. This makes the data processing more predictable: it does not depend on the order in which items of data are processed. This is distinct from arguments or options, which are allowed to vary from one task invocation to the next Configuration Any component of the LSST system, such as requirements, spec-Item ifications, designs, characteristics, and/or documents describing the aforementioned, that has reached a baseline point and is under change control Constraint An external limitation imposed on a delivered item under which Adm TS CAM it must meet its requirements (e.g. the survey performance must DM SE be met under the constraint of the historical weather pattern of the chosen site). A constraint is not a characteristic possessed by the system or subsystem itself



Construction The period during which LSST observatory facilities, components,

> hardware, and software are built, tested, integrated, and commissioned. Construction follows design and development and precedes operations. The LSST construction phase is funded through

the NSF MREFC account

The project's overall reserves in excess of the documented base-Contingency Adm

> lines for budget, schedule, and technical scope. Held in order to accommodate unexpected events or circumstances that rep-

resent potential risk to the project

The formal process that provides the ability and flexibility to Adm Contingency

solve unforeseen issues that may impact the project's budget, Management schedule, and technical performance. The process incorporates

activity-based uncertainties and high impact event-based uncer-

tainties

Contract A binding legal agreement between parties obligating the one Adm

(typically the 'seller') to furnish certain supplies or services and the other (typically, the buyer) to compensate the seller for the supplies or services with some form of consideration, (typically money). The term, 'contract' is used interchangeably with 'sub-award' 'agreement' 'memorandum of understanding and/or agreement' and 'purchase order' Each is a term used to differentiate between a purchase-order-format type document and a complex purchase in a subcontract/sub-award-format type document. These also include awards and notices of awards; job orders or task letters issued under basic ordering agreements; let-

or performance; and bilateral contract modifications

Cost Estimate An approximation of total costs required for completion of the

project based on known resources (staff, physical assets, knowl-

ter contracts; orders, such as purchase orders and subcontracts under which the order becomes effective by written acceptance

edge, etc.) that will be needed

cycle The time period over which detailed, short-term plans are defined

> and executed. Normally, cycles run for six months, and culminate in a new release of the LSST Software Stack, however this need not

always be the case



dashboard

A visual display of the most important information needed to DM QA achieve one or more objectives, consolidated and arranged on a single screen so that the information can be monitored at a glance (as in Few, S., 2013, Information Dashboard Design, Analytics Press, 2 edn.)

Data Access Center

Part of the LSST Data Management System, the US and Chilean DACs will provide authorized access to the released LSST data products, software such as the Science Platform, and computational resources for data analysis. The US DAC also includes a service for distributing bulk data on daily and annual (Data Release) timescales to partner institutions, collaborations, and LSST Education and Public Outreach (EPO).

DM

Data Backbone

The software that provides for data registration, retrieval, storage, transport, replication, and provenance capabilities that are compatible with the Data Butler. It allows data products to move between Facilities, Enclaves, and DACs by managing caches of files at each endpoint, including persistence to long-term archival storage (e.g. tape)

collecdata tion

A data collection in the second-generation (Gen2) Butler (referred to as a data repository in earlier generations) consists of hierarchically organized data files, an inventory or registry of the contents (i.e., metadata from the data files) stored in an sqlite3 file, and a Mapper file that specifies to the LSST Stack software the camera model to apply when accessing the data in the data repository

DM

Identi-Data fier

A specification of one or more specific metadata that allow the DM selection of data from a collection. The specific metadata vary, depending on the origin of the data, but often include some sort of visit identifier, a sensor or CCD, and a filter. For details of syntax, see the Data Identifiers page



Data Management The LSST Subsystem responsible for the Data Management System (DMS), which will capture, store, catalog, and serve the LSST dataset to the scientific community and public. The DM team is responsible for the DMS architecture, applications, middleware, infrastructure, algorithms, and Observatory Network Design. DM is a distributed team working at LSST and partner institutions, with the DM Subsystem Manager located at LSST headquarters in Tucson

Data Management Subsystem The Data Management Subsystem is one of the four subsystems DM which constitute the LSST Construction Project. The Data Management Subsystem is responsible for developing and delivering the LSST Data Management System to the LSST Operations Project

Data Management System The computing infrastructure, middleware, and applications that process, store, and enable information extraction from the LSST dataset; the DMS will process peta-scale data volume, convert raw images into a faithful representation of the universe, and archive the results in a useful form. The infrastructure layer consists of the computing, storage, networking hardware, and system software. The middleware layer handles distributed processing, data access, user interface, and system operations services. The applications layer includes the data pipelines and the science data archives' products and services

Data Product

The LSST survey will produce three categories of Data Products. DM Prompt, Data Release, User Generated. Previously referred to as Levels 1, 2, and 3

Data Release

The approximately annual reprocessing of all LSST data, and the DN installation of the resulting data products in the LSST Data Access Centers, which marks the start of the two-year proprietary period



Data Release These products will be made available annually as the result of DM coherent processing of the entire science data set to date. These will include calibrated images; measurements of positions, fluxes, and shapes; variability information such as orbital parameters for moving objects; and an appropriate compact description of light curves. The Data Release Data Products will include a uniform reprocessing of the difference-imaging-based Prompt Data Prod-

ucts

Data Release Deprecated term; see Data Release Production

DM

DM

DM

DM

Data Release Production

**Processing** 

An episode of (re)processing all of the accumulated LSST images, during which all output DR data products are generated. These episodes are planned to occur annually during the LSST survey, and the processing will be executed at the Archive Center. This includes Difference Imaging Analysis, generating deep Coadd Images, Source detection and association, creating Object and Solar System Object catalogs, and related metadata

data repository A data repository consists of hierarchically organized data files, an inventory or registry of the contents (i.e., metadata from the data files) stored in an sqlite3 file, and a Mapper file that specifies to the LSST Stack software the camera model to apply when accessing the data in the repository. With the second-generation (Gen2) Butler, the term repository will be replaced by data collection

database schema A database schema defines how content is structured, as described in a formal language supported by the database management system. It refers to a mapping of the data model to the database structure, as realized in the partitioning of information into fields within tables of related information



deblend	Deblending is the act of inferring the intensity profiles of two or more overlapping sources from a single footprint within an image. Source footprints may overlap in crowded fields, or where the astrophysical phenomena intrinsically overlap (e.g., a supernova embedded in an external galaxy), or by spatial co-incidence (e.g., an asteroid passing in front of a star). Deblending may make use of a priori information from images (e.g., deep CoAdds or visit images obtained in good seeing), from catalogs, or from models. A 'deblend' is commonly referred to in terms of 'parent' (total) and 'child' (component) objects	DM
declination	Often abbreviated Dec, it is a part of an equatorial coordinate pair that expresses the angular distance (usually expressed in degrees) from the Celestial Equator, measured along great circles that intersect the Equatorial poles. Positions south of the equator are given negative sign	Sci
deepCoadd	A Coadd Image designed to produce detections as maximum depth. Produced by AssembleCoaddTask	DM
deepDiff	A Difference Image that results from subtracting a template from a CalExp	DM
Department of Energy	cabinet department of the United States federal government; the DOE has assumed technical and financial responsibility for providing the LSST camera. The DOE's responsibilities are executed by a collaboration led by SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	Adm
Deputy Director	The person who supports the Director in the execution of the overall LSST project and assumes his or her duties and authority during any short term or extended absence, planned or unplanned	Adm
Descope deVaucouleurs profile	A strategic downward revision to project objectives The radial distribution of flux of an astronomical source that is characterized as: I(r)=I0exp(7.67(r/re)1/4) An elliptical version of this profile can be fit to every detected source, yielding the de-Vaucouleurs parameters.	Adm Sci



DIAObject A DIAObject is the association of DIASources, by coordinate, that have been detected with signal-to-noise ratio greater than 5 in at least one difference image. It is distinguished from a regular Object in that its brightness varies in time, and from a SSObject in that it is stationary (non-moving) DIASource A DIASource is a detection with signal-to-noise ratio greater than DM 5 in a difference image Difference Refers to the result formed from the pixel-by-pixel difference of DM two images of the sky, after warping to the same pixel grid, scal-**Image** ing to the same photometric response, matching to the same PSF shape, and applying a correction for Differential Chromatic Refraction. The pixels in a difference thus formed should be zero (apart from noise) except for sources that are new, or have changed in brightness or position. In the LSST context, the difference is generally taken between a visit image and template. Difference The detection and characterization of sources in the Difference DM Image that are above a configurable threshold, done as part of Image Analysis Alert Generation Pipeline Differential The refraction of incident light by Earth's atmosphere causes the DM Chromatic apparent position of objects to be shifted, and the size of this shift Refraction depends on both the wavelength of the source and its airmass at the time of observation. DCR corrections are done as a part of DIA Director The person responsible for the overall conduct of the project; the LSST director is charged with ensuring that both the scientific goals and management constraints on the project are met. S/he is the principal public spokesperson for the project in all matters and represents the project to the scientific community, AURA, the member institutions of LSSTC, and the funding agencies Docker A system for packaging and distributing software using self-DM contained containers which may be run on any Linux system; https://www.docker.com/ Document Any object (in any application supported by DocuShare or de- Adm sign archives such as PDMWorks or GIT) that supports project management or records milestones and deliverables of the LSST Project



Document Specialist	The person responsible for maintaining the Project's document archive (DocuShare) as well as providing editing and technical writing services. He or she also coordinates administrative support to the Project Management Office and the distributed Project team	Adm
DocuShare	The trade name for the enterprise management software used by LSST to archive and manage documents	Adm
drill down	Move from a higher level aggregation of data to its inputs. For example, given data describing a tract, to drill down to constituent patches and then to objects. Also refers to the act of identifying an issue in a high-level summary of the data (e.g. an aberrant metric value) and interactively investigating its inputs to find the source of the problem	DM QA
Earned Value	A measurement of how much work has been completed compared to how much was expected to have been completed at a given point in the project	Adm
Earned Value Management	A project management technique for objectively measuring project performance and progress in terms of budget and schedule	Adm Gen
Earned Value Management System	A set of tools, techniques and procedures which are used to implement a EVM approach to project management	Adm Gen
Education and Public Outreach	The LSST subsystem responsible for the cyberinfrastructure, user interfaces, and outreach programs necessary to connect educators, planetaria, citizen scientists, amateur astronomers, and the general public to the transformative LSST dataset	EPO
Eimage	An output product of PhoSim, an Eimage is a simulation of the response of a single sensor, where the outputs of the constituent amps have been integrated, and the effects of variations in pixel-to-pixel sensitivity and amplifier gains have been removed	Sims
element	A node in the hierarchical project WBS	DM
Enclave	Individually defined portions of the computational resources at the Summit, Base, NCSA, and Satellite Facilities, such as the Prompt Enclave, the Archive Enclave, etc.	DM



Encumbrances A contingent liability, contract, purchase order, payroll commitment, tax payable, or legal penalty that is chargeable to an account; it ceases to be an encumbrance when paid out or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expense ephemeris An ephemeris (pl: ephemerides) gives the predicted positions of Sci astronomical objects or artificial satellites in the sky with time. The ephemerides are computed from mathematical models of motion of the object and the Earth. In LSST Solar System Processing, it refers to a predicted position (RA/Dec/time/etc) of a Solar System Object (SSObject) A self contained work with a concrete deliverable which my be epic DM scheduled to take place with a single cycle and WBS element Sky coordinate reference frame, e.g., J2000. Alternatively refers epoch Sci to a single observation (usually photometric, can be multi-band) of a variable source Escalation Change in the cost or price of specific goods and services in a Adm given economy over a period ExtUPS (usually abbreviated as eups) is the software component eups DM management system that is used for the LSST Stack. It enables a choice of which versions of components should be used for a software build, and ensures that a consistent set is chosen. See the Eups Tutorial for details A versioned tag for eups that identifies a build product with its DM eups-tag git-source SHA-1 identifier The radial distribution of flux of an astronomical source that Sci exponential is characterized:  $I(r)=I0\exp(.68(r/re))$  The normalization 1.68 is profile chosen so that the model radius is a half-light radius. An 2dimensional elliptical version of this profile is fit to every detected source Filter A filter in astronomy is an optical element used to restrict the CAM passband of light reaching the focal plane, it transmits a selected range of wavelengths. Filters elements are often named after standard photometric passbands, such as those used in the SDSS survey: u, g, r, i, z



Firefly	A framework of software components written by IPAC for building web-based user interfaces to astronomical archives, through which data may be searched and retrieved, and viewed as FITS images, catalogs, and/or plots. Firefly tools will be integrated into the Science Platform	DM
Flexible Image Transport System	an international standard in astronomy for storing images, tables, and metadata in disk files. See the IAU FITS Standard for details	DM
flux	Shorthand for radiative flux, it is a measure of the transport of radiant energy per unit area per unit time. In astronomy this is usually expressed in cgs units: erg/cm2/s	Sci
Focal plane array	A focal plane array (FPA) is the arrangement of multiple sensors in the focal plane of a camera. For LSST, the FPA is divided into an array of contiguous rafts, upon which 9 science sensors are mounted 3x3. Additional engineering sensors are mounted on rafts near the periphery to support wavefront sensing and telescope guiding	CAM
footprint	See 'source footprint', 'instrumental footprint', or 'survey footprint', 'Footprint' is a Python class representing a source footprint	DM
forced pho- tometry	A measurement of the photometric properties of a source, or expected source, with one or more parameters held fixed. Most often this means fixing the location of the center of the brightness profile (which may be known or predicted in advance), and measuring other properties such as total brightness, shape, and orientation. Forced photometry will be done for all Objects in the Data Release Production	DM
ForcedSource	DRP table resulting from forced photometry	DM
Full-Time Equivalent	A unit equivalent to one person working full time for one year with normal holidays, vacations, and sick time. No paid overtime is assumed	Adm Gen
GalSim	GalSim is open-source software for simulating images of astronomical objects (stars, galaxies) in a variety of ways.	Sci
GEANT	pan-European data network for the research and education community	Gen



General Parallel File System	The bulk data storage provided through a POSIX filesystem interface at the LSST Data Facility. Refers specifically to IBM's General Parallel File System; also known as IBM Spectrum Scale	DM QA
git	A distributed revision control system, often used for software source code. See the Git User Manual for details. Not developed by LSST DM	DM
git-tag	The tag assigned to a particular SHA-1 identifier which associates the git source with an eups-tag of the build product	DM
Global Inter- lock System	A safety system that makes mechanisms or functions of the observatory system mutually dependent in order to prevent equipment from harming people or equipment by preventing one element from changing state due to the state of another element, and vice versa	TS
Handle	The unique identifier assigned to a document uploaded to DocuShare	Adm
Head of Safety	See Safety Manager	Adm
Hierarchical Triangular Mesh	is a partitioning scheme to divide the surface of the unit sphere into spherical triangles. It is a hierarchical scheme and the subdi- visions have roughly equal areas. HTM is used to index the coor- dinates in the object databases for faster querying speeds	DM Sci
Image Decor- relation	A method of improving the noise properties of the Difference Image in cases where the Template Image has a significant amount of noise, in order to use the same detection thresholds for defining DIASources	DM
Image Simulation	High fidelity end-to-end simulations of the sky; these simulated images are used in designing and testing algorithms for use by Data Management; evaluating the capabilities and scalability of the reduction and analysis pipelines; testing and optimizing the scientific returns of the LSST survey; and providing realistic LSST data to the science collaborations to evaluate the expected performance of LSST. Under the direction of the Systems Engineering group, the Image Simulation group's principle goal during construction is to deliver a simulator to support commissioning	Sims



Incident An undesired event, which under slightly different circumstances, could have resulted in harm to people, damage to property, or loss to process Externally supported and administered versions of the DAC to Independent DM Data Access serve the full, or a limited subset of, the LSST data products and/or software to authorized users. Center Internal LSST Project Office committee charged with managing Information Technology project IT services, including advising management on which ser-Services vices LSST should use. The ITSC's goals are 1) to ensure inter-Committee operability exists among products, 2) to combine, reuse and/or, recycle existing services when possible, 3) to prevent applications from becoming stagnant or security hazards, 4) to make recommendations on whether a particular tool remains 5) to keep the project informed of what is going on at all spectrums, and 6) to make recommendations for how the Project Office will transition into commissioning and operations Information The person responsible for maintaining the Project Office's Technology servers, networks, and computing hardware; he or she also pro-Systems Advides technical support to the Project Management Office and the ministrator distributed Project team Instance Cat-A catalog of astronomical sources containing source type, coordi-Sims alog nates, brightnesses, and SEDs for use in creating simulated LSST images with PhoSim. Synonym with trim file Institutional An organization such as an institute, observatory, university, or Adm Member company committed to making an intellectual, financial, or other significant contribution to LSST operations or to preparing the scientific community to use the LSST dataset. They are members of the LSST Corporation and pay an annual membership fee in an amount established by the LSSTC Board of Directors Instrument Signature Removal is a pipeline that applies calibra-Instrument DM Signature tion reference data in the course of raw data processing, to re-Removal move artifacts of the instrument or detector electronics, such as removal of overscan pixels, bias correction, and the application of a flat-field to correct for pixel-to-pixel variations in sensitivity



instrumental The size and shape of a region on the sky that is covered by the footprint field of view of an instrument, or part of an instrument, e.g., the LSST Camera, or ComCam, or a single LSST CCD. Often represented by a geometric region defined in field-angle space Integrated Complete picture of the entire project life cycle. By incorporating Adm all project phases into the same model, the IPS allows the project Project Schedule team to plan the critical interfaces not only among project work elements but also among the design, construction, commissioning, and operations phases Interface A Document that describes, defines, and controls the interface(s) Adm Control Docof a system, thereby bounding its requirements. The description ument includes the inputs and outputs of a single system or element. An ICD may also describe the interface between two systems or subsystems. The purpose of the ICD is to communicate all possible inputs to and all potential outputs from a system for some potential or actual user of the system in operations. The internal interfaces of a system or subsystem are typically not documented in an ICD, but rather in a system design document Interface Constrains an ICD through such things as dictionaries, protocols, Adm Support or definitions of system-wide architectural frameworks by which Document the subsystem teams must abide. However, ISDs do NOT contain requirements. ISDs are written by the subsystem teams with a stake in the subject matter; they are change controlled documents International An organization outside of the United States or Chile such as an Adm **Affiliate** institute, university, consortium, or government agency that has agreed to share in the annual operating costs of the LSST in exchange for data rights for a specified list of principal investigators during LSST operations and commissioning. These data rights may include access to specified project resources prior to operations. Rights also come with responsibilities, similar to those required of U.S.-based scientists, regarding unauthorized redistribution of data J2000 Julian Date referring to the instant of 12 noon (midday) on January 1, 2000. IAU standard equinox.



JIRA	issue tracking product (not an acronym but a truncation of Gojira the Japanese name for Godzilla)	Gen
Joint Over- sight Group	oversight body comprised of representatives from the NSF and DOE; the JOG meets regularly with LSST senior management to coordinate the Project's activities	Adm
jointcal	The jointcal package optimizes the astrometric and photometric calibrations of a set of astronomical images that cover a sky tract and were obtained as a series of visits, which may be spread out in time. The jointcal algorithms incorporates object matching both between visits and to reference star catalogs, and produces more accurate distortion and throughput models than if the astrometry and photometry were fit independently. Jointcal is a part of the Science Pipelines	DM
Julian Date	The Julian Date (JD) of any instant is the Julian day number for the preceding noon (UTC), plus the fraction of the day elapsed since that instant. The Julian day number is a running sequence of integral days, starting at noon, since the beginning of the Julian Period; JD 0.0 corresponds to noon on 1 January 4713 BCE. Various Julian Date converters are available on the Web. For example, 18h 00m 00.0s UT on 2014-July-01 (near the start of LSST construction) corresponds to JD 2456840.25	Sci
Kubernetes	A system for automating application deployment and management using software containers (e.g. Docker); https://kubernetes.io	DM
Level 1 Data Product	Deprecated term; see Prompt Data Product	DM
Level 1 Pro- cessing	Deprecated term; see Prompt Processing	DM
Level 2 Data Product	Deprecated term; see Data Release Data Product	DM
Level 2 Pro- cessing	Deprecated term; see Data Release Production	DM
Level 3 Data Product	Deprecated term; see User Generated Data Product	DM
	Deprecated term; see User Generated Processing	DM



LSST Change document that proposes a change to a configuration item; after Request evaluation by the CCB and decision by the Project Manager, the change request is updated with the outcome, action items, and necessary notification An Arizona 501(c)3 not-for-profit corporation formed in 2003 for Adm LSST Corpothe purpose of designing, constructing, and operating the LSST ration System. During design and development, the Corporation stewarded private funding used for such essential contributions as early site preparation, mirror construction, and early data management system development. During construction, LSSTC will secure private operations funding from international affiliates and play a key role in preparing the scientific community to use the LSST dataset LSST Project Official name of the stand-alone AURA operating center responsi-Adm Office ble for execution of the LSST construction project under the NSF MREFC account magnitude, A magnitude determined from a fit to a Petrosian brightness pro-Sci Petrosian file: Rp(r) = stuf f Appropriate for galaxiesUsually simply magnitude, it is a logarithmic measure of intemagnitude, Sci Pogson grated source brightness, usually within a standard photometric passband, such that: MM0=2.5log(F/F0) where the zero-point flux is defined by a photometric standard For isolated stars that are well described by the PSF, the optimal magnitude, Sci PSF measure of the total flux is determined by fitting a PSF model to the object Major the NSF account through which large facilities construction Adm Reprojects such as LSST are funded search Equipment and Facility Construction Manifest Various files (and file formats) which define sets of build products having some shared attribute. There are release manifests which enumerate the eups-tags of all eups build products a the validated suite



Mapper	A piece of software that abstracts persisting and unpersisting data; specifically, it knows how to navigate a data repository to locate data that match selection criteria that are relevant for data obtained with a particular camera. Used by the Butler	DM
metadata	General term for data about data, e.g., attributes of astronomical objects (e.g. images, sources, astroObjects, etc.) that are characteristics of the objects themselves, and facilitate the organization, preservation, and query of data sets. (E.g., a FITS header contains metadata)	DM
metric	A measurable quantity which may be tracked. A metric has a name, description, unit, references, and tags (which are used for grouping). A metric is a scalar by definition. See also: aggregate metric, model metric, point metric	DM QA
metric value	The result of computing a particular metric on some given data. Note that metric values are typically computed rather than measured. See also: metric	DM QA
middleware	Software that acts as a bridge between other systems or software usually a database or network. Specifically in the Data Management System this refers to Butler for data access and Workflow management for distributed processing.	DM OPS
Mini-Broker	A tool provided by the LSST Science Platform that provides a limited amount of alert filtering capabilities	DM
model metric	A metric describing a model related to the data. For example, the coefficients of a 2D polynomial fit to the background of a single CCD exposure	DM QA
monitoring	In DM QA, this refers to the process of collecting, storing, aggregating and visualizing metrics	DM QA
Moving Object Processing System	Deprecated term; see Solar System Processing	DM
My Database	The notion of having a local storage beside the queriable database to store either temporary tables or uploaded catalogs	DM Gen
National Science Foun- dation	primary federal agency supporting research in all fields of fundamental science and engineering; NSF selects and funds projects through competitive, merit-based review	Adm



**NCSA Facility** The data center at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) in Urbana, Illinois, USA. The NCSA Facility is composed of the NCSA portion of the Prompt Enclave, the Offline Production Enclave hosting all offline Data Release and calibration activities, an Archive Enclave holding data products, and the US Data Access Center Nightly Alert Deprecated term; see 'Alert Production' DM Processing Nightly Deprecated term; see 'Prompt Processing' DM Archive **Processing** Non-Any single observation of a LSST field that is not comprised of ei-DM Standard ther two 15 second 'Snap' exposures (a standard visit) or one 30 Visit second exposure (an alternative standard visit). For example, exposure times for Special Programs might be significantly shorter or longer than a standard visit (or of random length) nublado The service underpinning the Notebook Aspect of the Rubin Sci-DM ence Platform Object In LSST nomenclature this refers to an astronomical object, such DM as a star, galaxy, or other physical entity. E.g., comets, asteroids are also Objects but typically called a Moving Object or a Solar System Object (SSObject). One of the DRP data products is a table of Objects detected by LSST which can be static, or change brightness or position with time Offer A response to a solicitation that, if accepted, would bind the offeror to perform the work described in resultant contract. Responses to sealed bidding are offers that are often referred to as 'bids' or 'sealed bids;' responses to a request for proposals (RFP, negotiated-type procurements) are offers often referred to as 'proposals' responses to a request for quotations (RFQ) are not offers and are generally called 'quotes' Operations The 10-year period following construction and commissioning Adm during which the LSST Observatory conducts its survey



Operations A data management system prototype project employing the Rehearsal same methods, tools, personnel, and technologies as the real system in order to introduce and validate new algorithms, functionality, and infrastructure. Previously referred to as a data challenge Operations OpSim uses a sophisticated model to simulate 10 years of LSST Sims Simulation operations using realistic seeing distributions, historical weather data, scheduled engineering downtime, and the most current telescope, dome, and camera design parameters. Under the direction of the Systems Engineering group, the OpSim group also works closely with the Telescope and Site group to ensure coordination with the OCS Scheduler development Opportunity The degree of exposure to an event that might happen to the benefit of a program, project, or other activity. It is described by a combination of the probability that the opportunity event will occur and the consequence of the extent of gain from the occurrence, or impact. There are two levels of opportunities. At the macro level, a project itself is the manifestation of the pursuit of an opportunity. At the element level, tactical opportunities exist, whereby certain events, if realized, provide a cost or schedule savings to the project or increase technical performance Opportunity The proactive art and science of planning, assessing, and handling Adm Management future events to seek favorable impacts on project, cost, schedule, or performance to the extent possible. Opportunity management is a structured, formal, and disciplined activity focused on the necessary steps and planning actions to determine and exploit opportunities to the extent possible Refers to the portion of the channel read-out of either a) non Overscan photo-active pixels, or b) additional read-out of the serial register after all science pixels have been accumulated (sometimes called virtual overscan). The overscan is often appended to the science pixels in the assembled amplifier image as a separate region. This region is useful to science processing software for estimating the stability of the DC offset in the read-out electronics



passband	The window of wavelength or the energy range admitted by an optical system; specifically the transmission as a function of wavelength or energy. Typically the passband is limited by a filter. The width of the passband may be characterized in a variety of ways, including the width of the half-power points of the transmission curve, or by the equivalent width of a filter with 100% transmission within the passband, and zero elsewhere	Sci
patch	An quadrilateral sub-region of a sky tract, with a size in pixels chosen to fit easily into memory on desktop computers	DM
PhoSim	The Photon Simulator (PhoSim) simulate realistic astronomical images by tracing photons through the atmosphere and a telescope and camera into pixels.	Sci
photometric redshift	Often abbreviated to photo-z, this is an estimate of the true red- shift (of a galaxy) determined from multi-band photometry. Gen- erally determined from a fit of source colors to grid of model SEDs with redshift	Sci
pipeline	A configured sequence of software tasks (Stages) to process data and generate data products. Example: Association Pipeline	DM
PipelineTask	A special kind of Task that can read its inputs and write its outputs using a Butler, in addition to being able to have them passed in and out directly as Python objects. PipelineTasks may be connected together dynamically and executed by a generic workflow system. PipelineTasks typically (but not always) delegate most of their work to nested regular Tasks	DM
point metric	A metric that is associated with a single entry in a catalog. Examples include the shape of a source, the standard deviation of the flux of an object detected on a Coadd, the flux of an source detected on a difference image	DM QA
point spread function	The point-spread function (PSF) is the distribution of intensity on a sensor (or image) originating from an unresolved point-source (i.e., a star). Often the PSF is not the same Airy shape as would be expected from a finite-aperture optical system, owing primarily to atmospheric effects and imperfections in the optical system and the detector	Sci
Policy file	A structured ASCII file that contains set of attributes for input to a pipeline. Deprecated	Adm



postage stamp	Image cutouts that are 30x30 arcseconds, centered on an Object, and included in every Alert	DM
precovery	The process of finding, or putting upper limits on, detections of a newly discovered DIAObject in previously obtained images, typically using forced photometry. Alert Packets will contain precovery data derived from the past 30 days of images that include the location of a new DIAObject	DM
Preferred	The default version of a document served to a DocuShare user.	Adm
Version	For change controlled documents, the preferred version represents the document's current, approved baseline. For other documents, the preferred version represents the most current iteration	
Predominantly Black Institu- tion	A college or university with at least 1,000 enrolled students, of whom at least 40% are Black or African American and at least 50% are low income or first generation to college.	DEI
Primavera	The trade name for the project management software suite used by LSST to maintain its program plan and schedule	Adm
Processed Visit Image	A fully-qualified LSST image from a single visit that includes the science pixel array and concomitant data including a quality mask and a variance array, in addition to a PSF characterization and metadata (including calibration metadata) about the image. It is stored with the background already subtracted	DM
Procurement	The activities involved with or the actual purchase, subcontract, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire supplies or services, and actions associated therewith	Adm
Project Exe- cution Plan	primary document defining how the LSST Project will be under- taken; it details the project's scope, activities, quality and technical specifications, resources, schedule, and organization	Adm
Project Management Controls Specialist	The person responsible for maintaining the Project Management Control System (PCMS); he or she works closely with the Project Manager and each of the Subsystem Managers	Adm
Project Man- agement Controls System	suite of tools used to organize and manage a project, including cost and schedule databases, a qualified accounting system, and change control	Adm



Project Manthe work element responsible for achieving the project's objecagement tives Office The person responsible for exercising leadership and oversight Adm Project Manover the entire LSST project; he or she controls schedule, budget, ager and all contingency funds an operational unit within LSST that carries out specific scien-Adm Project Science Team tific performance investigations as prioritized by the Director, the Project Manager, and the Project Scientist. Its membership includes key scientists on the Project who provide specific necessary expertise. The Project Science Team provides required scientific input on critical technical decisions as the project construction proceeds Project Scien-The principal scientific advisor to the LSST Project Manager to en-Adm sure that LSST system specifications are appropriate for achieving tist the scientific goals of the project; the Project Scientist also works closely with the Systems Engineering group and chairs the LSST Science Council Prompt Data Products are generated continuously based on the Prompt Data DM Product image stream from the telescope by the Prompt Processing system. They include low-latency alerts on transient and variable sources, as well as a variety of image data products and source catalogs. Compare Data Release Data Product. Prompt Pro-The data processing which occurs at the Archive Center based DM on the stream of images coming from the telescope. This incessing cludes both Alert Production, which scans the image stream to identify and send alerts on transient and variable sources, and Solar System Processing, which identifies and characterizes objects in our solar system. It also includes specialized rapid calibration and Commissioning processing. Prompt Processing generates the Prompt Data Products. Prompt Data products within LSST data releases relating to LSST Alert Pro- DM **Products** duction DataBase



Information about how LSST images, Sources, and Objects were provenance created (e.g., versions of pipelines, algorithmic components, or templates) and how to recreate them PSF match To convolve an image to obtain a desired point spread function DM (PSF), typically in order to match it to another image. For example, Template Images are PSF matched to the new image before image subtraction when Difference Images are created DM QA **QAWG** QA Strategy Working Group Qserv LSST's distributed parallel database. This database system is used LSST DM for collecting, storing, and serving LSST Data Release Catalogs and Project metadata, and is part of the Software Stack Quality Assur-All activities, deliverables, services, documents, procedures or ar-DM QA tifacts which are designed to ensure the quality of DM deliverance ables. This may include QC systems, in so far as they are covered in the charge described in LDM-622. Note that contrasts with the LDM-522 definition of "QA" as "Quality Analysis", a manual process which occurs only during commissioning and operations. See also: Quality Control Services and processes which are aimed at measuring and mon-Quality Con-DM QA trol itoring a system to verify and characterize its performance (as in LDM-522). Quality Control systems run autonomously, only notifying people when an anomaly has been detected. See also Quality Assurance Raft The sensors in the LSST camera are packaged into replaceable electronic assemblies, called rafts, consisting of 9 butted sensors (CCDs) in a 3x3 mosaic. Each raft is a replaceable unit in the LSST camera. There are 21 science rafts in the camera plus 4 additional corner rafts with specialized, non-science sensors, making for a total of 189 CCDs per focal plane image. The 21 science rafts are numbered from "0,1" through "0,3", "1,0" through "3,4", and "4,1" through "4,3". (In other words, the 25 combinations from "0,0" through "4,4" minus the four corners which are non-science.) Raw Image The output from a camera, consisting of a set of image sections DM from each amplifier on each sensor on the focal plane array, including overscan



releasable A software package or other component of the DM system which product is expected to be included in the next tagged release of the system. This implies inclusion in a standard top-level package. See also release-tag Release Publication of a new version of a document, software, or data DM Adm product. Depending on context, releases may require approval from Project- or DM-level change control boards, and then form part of the formal project baseline release-tag Refers to a tag which groups an entire stack of packages that DM are verified as unit and package-integration tested; this is also an eups-tag Requirement A declaration of a specified function or quantitative performance that the delivered system or subsystem must meet. It is a statement that identifies a necessary attribute, capability, characteristic, or quality of a system in order for the delivered system or subsystem to meet a derived or higher requirement, constraint, or function Retarget In the context of task construction, a task may substitute a class Adm sub-task to change the behavior of a particular step in the processing Review Programmatic and/or technical audits of a given component of Adm the project, where a preferably independent committee advises further project decisions, based on the current status and their evaluation of it. The reviews assess technical performance and maturity, as well as the compliance of the design and end product with the stated requirements and interfaces A panel of independent reviewers performing a programmatic Adm Review Comand/or technical audit of a given component of the project; committee mittees consist of subject matter experts external to the reviewed team and preferably external to the LSST project. The committee submits a post-review report including findings (observations), comments (concerns), and recommendations (requests for action)

Adm



Review Data Package

The set of documents and data to be made available to Review Committee members during a review of a project component; the package has two parts: management data and product data. Management data includes appropriately mature and detailed versions of management plans, budgets and/or cost estimates, schedule, and procurement plans. Product data includes appropriately mature and detailed versions of the product technical documentation such as requirements, ICDs, models and analysis reports, and integration and verification plans

Review Decision Making Authority

The person responsible for a project component who calls a review and consequently makes programmatic and/or technical decisions based on the Review Committee's findings, comments, and recommendations

Review Hub An LSST website that acts as a clearinghouse for information

Adm about external reviews of all LSST components planned to occur in the next six months. The site links to review-specific websites for both planned reviews and reviews that have been conducted already

**Review Plan** 

An enumeration of the necessary components for a proposed review of a project component; the review plan defines the Review Committee chair and members, the charge to the Review Committee, the Review Data Package, and the expected/required participants, including key team members presenting review material

right ascension

Often abbreviated RA, it is a part of an equatorial coordinate pair Sci that expresses the angular distance along the Celestial Equator. It is analogous to terrestrial longitude. RA increases to the east along the projection of the Earth's equator, from the origin (i.e., the Vernal Equinox). Positions are customarily expressed in degrees (0 < RA < 360), or hours (0 < RA < 24, usually in sexagesimal format)



Risk

The degree of exposure to an event that might happen to the detriment of a program, project, or other activity. It is described by a combination of the probability that the risk event will occur and the consequence of the extent of loss from the occurrence, or impact. Risk is an inherent part of all activities, whether the activity is simple and small, or large and complex

Risk Management The art and science of planning, assessing, and handling future events to avoid unfavorable impacts on project cost, schedule, or performance to the extent possible. Risk management is a structured, formal, and disciplined activity focused on the necessary steps and planning actions to determine and control risks to an acceptable level. Risk Management is an event-based management approach to managing uncertainty

Risk, Cost

The possibility that available budget will be exceeded. Cost risk exists if a) the project must devote more resources than planned to achieve technical requirements, b) the project must add resources to support slipped schedules due to any reason, c) if changes must be made to the number of items to be produced, or d) if changes occur in the organization or national economy. Cost risk can be predicted at the total project level or for a system element. The collective effects of element-level cost risk can produce cost risk for the total project

Risk, Programmatic

Produced by events that are beyond the control of the project Adm manager. These events often are produced by decisions made by personnel at higher levels of authority, such as reductions in project priority, delays in receiving authorization to proceed with a project, reduced or delayed funding, changes in organization or national objectives, etc. Programmatic risk can be a source of risk in any of the other three risk categories



Risk. The possibility that the project will fail to meet scheduled mile-Schedule stones. Schedule risk exists if there is inadequate allowance for acquisition delays or if difficulty is experienced in achieving scheduled technical accomplishments, such as the development of software. Schedule risk can be incurred at the total project level for milestones such as deployment of the first system element. The cascading effects of element-level schedule risks can produce schedule risk for the total project Risk, Techni-The possibility that a technical requirement of the system may Adm not be achieved in the system life cycle. Technical risk exists if the cal system may fail to achieve performance requirements; to meet operability, producibility, testability, or integration requirements; or to meet environmental protection requirements. A potential failure to meet any requirement that can be expressed in technical terms is a source of technical risk Safety The control of accidental loss Adm Safety Coun-A consulting body providing policy advice and evaluation of safety Adm cil program effectiveness; the council is composed of independent safety professionals and representatives of LSST institutional members Safety The person who manages, executes, and verifies compliance with Adm Manthe LSST Safety Policy (LPM-18); the Safety Manager is also chair ager of the Safety Council SAL script A program which communicates via SAL messages and adheres performing coordinated to a specific API telescope and instrument control operations DM Satellite Facil- The data center at CC-IN2P3 in Lyon, France ity Science Advi- An advisory body which provides a formal and two-way connec-LSST Adm sory Committion to the external science community served by LSST; comprised of scientists familiar with but external to the LSST Project, the SAC tee advises the LSST Director on both policy questions and technical topics of interest to the Project and the science community



Science An autonomous body of scientists interested in a particular area Collaboration of science enabled by the LSST dataset, which through precursor studies, simulations, and algorithm development lays the groundwork for the large-scale science projects the LSST will enable. In addition to preparing their members to take full advantage of LSST early in its operations phase, the science collaborations have helped to define the system's science requirements, refine and promote the science case, and quality check design and development work The leader of and spokesperson for a Science Collaboration Science Col-Adm laboration Chair Science Data An analysis system that examines and reports on the quality of Quality LSST data and data products from a scientific perspective, and sessment determines whether the data meets the science requirements in LPM-17 Science The library of software components and the algorithms and pro-**Pipelines** cessing pipelines assembled from them that are being developed by DM to generate science-ready data products from LSST images. The Pipelines may be executed at scale as part of LSST Prompt or Data Release processing, or pieces of them may be used in a standalone mode or executed through the LSST Science Platform. The Science Pipelines are one component of the LSST Software Stack Science Plat-A set of integrated web applications and services deployed at DM form the LSST Data Access Centers (DACs) through which the scientific community will access, visualize, and perform next-to-the-data analysis of the LSST data products Science Qualprovides a minimal infrastructure for monitoring the LSST verification metrics. It can be used and extended to preserve the Analysis ity code and knowledge developed during LSST construction https: Harness //squash.lsst.codes/



Science Verifi-The second phase of Commissioning for the LSST Construction cation Project, Science Verification demonstrates the system's compliance with the survey performance specifications detailed in the LSST Science Requirements Document (SRD, LPM-17). These activities are based solely on the measured 'on-sky' performance of the LSST system **SCons** A piece of software developed externally to LSST. An automated DM build tool used for DM software development. See the SCons website for details The work needed to be accomplished in order to deliver the prod-Scope Adm uct, service, or result with the specified features and functions script queue A CSC which manages SAL scripts running one script at a time until the queue is exhausted or paused SDQA Metric The name of a quantity that is calculated for image data by SDQA-DM related pipeline processes (e.g., mean, standard deviation, number of saturated pixels, mean PSF width, etc.). Associated with the metric name are the physical units of the calculated quantity and whether the quantity's data type is integer or floating-point **SDQA Rating** The value and error associated with an SDQA metric. An image  $\mathsf{DM}$ can have a set of different SDQA ratings **SDQA Status** The status assigned to an image by the SDQA subsystem (e.g., DM pass, fail, unknown, etc.). Database tables that store image metadata will include a field containing an ID number that corresponds to an SDQA status SDQA Thresh-The set of lower and upper thresholds associated with an SDQA old Metric. Some metrics have only either a lower or upper threshold. In general, the thresholds depend on observing conditions (e.g., atmospheric seeing, filter, etc.)



An astronomical term for characterizing the stability of the atmoseeing sphere, as measured by the width of the point-spread function on images. The PSF width is also affected by a number of other factors, including the airmass, passband, and the telescope and camera optics Sensor A sensor is a generic term for a light-sensitive detector, such as a CAM CCD. For LSST, sensors consist of a 2-D array of roughly 4K x 4K pixels, which are mounted on a raft in a 3x3 mosaic. Each sensor is divided into 16 channels or amplifiers. The 9 sensors that make up a raft are numbered from "0,0" through "2,2" In reference to a Source or Object, the shape is a functional charshape DM acterization of its spatial intensity distribution, and the integral of the shape is the flux. Shape characterizations are a data product in the DIASource, DIAObject, Source, and Object catalogs SHE Plans SHE plans are site-specific guidelines for safe working conditions. Adm LSST expects that each collaborating organization and contractor has established safety programs to govern the specific activities at that location. LSST has a minimum expectation for the criteria established in these plans and expects all staff, permanent to the location or visiting, to follow these local procedures. When LSST specific sites are established the project will issue specific SHE plans for those locations Signature Au-The individual designated by the LSSTC policy as authorized to Adm thority approve the use of funds from a specific account; he or she must approve each Purchase Requisition for the account listed on the Purchase Requisition The telescope at the Rubin Observatory that will perform the LSST Simonyi Sur-(this refers to all physical components: the mirror, the mount asvey Telescope sembly, etc.). Simulations The person who oversees the activities of the LSST simulations ef-Sims Adm Lead forts (ImSim, OpSim, PhoSim, etc.). The Simulations Lead is part of the Systems Engineering group and reports to the Systems Engineering Manager Single Visit See CalExp DM **Image** 



Singularity	A software containerization system; an alternative to Docker; https://sylabs.io	DM
Site Manager	The LSST-delegated representative at the Cerro Pachón, Chile Summit site who is authorized to approve and accept work, provide technical liaison, monitor safety, and interpret LSST plans and specifications on behalf of AURA/LSST	Adm
sky map	A sky tessellation for LSST. The Stack includes software to define a geometric mapping from the representation of World Coordi- nates in input images to the LSST sky map. This tessellation is comprised of individual tracts which are, in turn, comprised of patches	DM
SLAC Na- tional Ac- celerator Laboratory	A national laboratory funded by the US Department of Energy (DOE); SLAC leads a consortium of DOE laboratories that has assumed responsibility for providing the LSST camera. Although the Camera project manages its own schedule and budget, including contingency, the Camera team's schedule and requirements are integrated with the larger Project. The camera effort is accountable to the LSSTPO.	TS
Sloan Digital Sky Survey	is a digital survey of roughly 10,000 square degrees of sky around the north Galactic pole, plus a 300 square degree stripe along the celestial equator	Sci
Snap	One 15 second exposure within a Standard Visit in the LSST cadence	DM
Software Stack	Often referred to as the LSST Stack, or just The Stack, it is the collection of software written by the LSST Data Management Team to process, generate, and serve LSST images, transient alerts, and catalogs. The Stack includes the LSST Science Pipelines, as well as packages upon which the DM software depends. It is open source and publicly available	DM
Solar System Object	A solar system object is an astrophysical object that is identified as part of the Solar System: planets and their satellites, asteroids, comets, etc. This class of object had historically been referred to within the LSST Project as Moving Objects	DM
Solar System Processing	A component of the Prompt Processing system, Solar System Processing identifies new SSObjects using unassociated DIASources.	DM



Sole Source	A purchase of a commodity or a service that is noncompetitive in price, specifications, or use; or is 'only source' and must be ac- companied by a sole source justification	Adm
Sole Source Justification	A document accompanying a Purchase Requisition that provides the justification(s) for procuring the items must be from the single vendor listed on the Purchase Requisition	Adm
Source	A single detection of an astrophysical object in an image, the characteristics for which are stored in the Source Catalog of the DRP database. The association of Sources that are non-moving lead to Objects; the association of moving Sources leads to Solar System Objects. (Note that in non-LSST usage "source" is often used for what LSST calls an Object.)	DM
Source Association	The process of associating source detections on multiple images taken at different epochs, or in multiple passbands, with a single astronomical Object	DM
source foot- print	A set of pixels that are determined to be part of a Source (or Dl-ASource). It is implemented as a list of spans. A span contains coordinates of a stripe of pixels: row (y) given span belongs to, and a section of a column (xStart, xEnd). In DM code, the term 'footprint' refers to a 'source footprint'	DM
Speakers Bu- reau	A volunteer body promoting LSST's visibility by identifying, initiating, and coordinating opportunities for LSST-related talks, especially at large conferences	Adm
Speakers Bureau Website	An LSST website used by the LPO as a tool for screening and approving participation of LSST project personnel at various externally hosted meetings; the site also provides a mechanism for the Speakers Bureau to accept speaker requests, coordinate speakers, and maintain a record of requests received and talks given. With this tool the Director and Project Manager can review and approve/deny requests for LSST financial support for travel before such meetings occur. Project personnel use the site to report their intended participation in a meeting even if they are requesting neither a speaker nor LSST funding	Adm
Special Program	Any LSST mini-survey or deep drilling field that is observed independently of the Wide-Fast-Deep (WFD) main survey	DM



Specification	One or more performance parameter(s) being established by a requirement that the delivered system or subsystem must meet	Adm
Spectral Energy Distri- bution	the radiated energy of an astrophysical object as a function of energy (or wavelength) across the entire spectrum of light	Sci
sqlite3	A software package external to DM, sqlite3 provides a SQL interface compliant with the DB-API 2.0 specification for SQLite, a self-contained public-domain SQL database engine	DM
stack	a grouping, usually in layers (hence stack), of software packages and services to achieve a common goal. Often providing a higher level set of end user oriented services and tools	DM
Standard Visit	A single observation of a LSST field comprised of two 15 second 'Snap' exposures that are immediately combined. An 'Alternate Standard Visit' is a single observation of a LSST field comprised of one 30 second exposure	DM
Stop Work Authority	The authority of any individual to stop work if unanticipated/unsafe conditions are identified or non-compliant practices are observed at the site. Workers shall be instructed stop the work immediately and notify their supervisor(s), safety and health representative(s), and the LSST site manager of this action. Disagreements or differences of opinion about the need to terminate an activity shall occur only after the activity is stopped and people are removed from the hazard. All workers at the site have the authority to stop work. Work may not proceed until the circumstances are investigated and deficiencies corrected	Adm
story	A JIRA issue type describing a scheduled, self-contained task worked as part of an epic. Typically, stories are appropriate for work worth between a fraction of a SP and 10 SP; beyond that, the work is insufficiently fine-grained to schedule as a story. While fractional SP are fine, all stories involve work, so the SP total of an in progress or completed story should not be 0	DM
Stripe 82	A 2.5° wide equatorial band of sky covering roughly 300 square degrees that was observed repeatedly in 5 passbands during the course of the SDSS, In part for calibration purposes	Sci
Subcontract	An agreement under which another entity will perform part or all of the project's contract obligations	Adm



Subsystem	A set of elements comprising a system within the larger LSST system that is responsible for a key technical deliverable of the project	Adm
Subsystem Manager	responsible manager for an LSST subsystem; he or she exercises authority, within prescribed limits and under scrutiny of the Project Manager, over the relevant subsystem's cost, schedule, and work plans	Adm
Subsystem Scientist	The principal science advisor to a Subsystem Manager; he or she ensures that the subsystem specifications are appropriated for achieving the project's goals	Adm
Subsystem Systems Engineer	A subsystem team member who works closely with the Subsystem Manager and the project Systems Engineering group on internal integration of the subsystem's component parts and the subsystem's integration with the larger LSST system	Adm
Summit	The site on the Cerro Pachón, Chile mountaintop where the LSST observatory, support facilities, and infrastructure will be built	Adm
Summit Facil- ity	The main Observatory and Auxiliary Telescope buildings at the Summit Site on Cerro Pachón, Chile	DM
supertask	Deprecated term; see PipelineTask	DM
survey foot-	The portion of the sky covered by data from an astronomical	DM
print	survey, e.g., the main wide-fast-deep LSST 10-year survey, the	2
princ	LSST deep drilling fields, or the Science Validation data taken dur-	
	ing commissioning. Sometimes represented by Boolean maps	
	or other summary statistics in an all-sky representation, e.g., the	
	IVOA MOC standard	
System Inte-	The first year of the two-year Commissioning phase of the LSST	TS CAM DM
gration and	Construction Project, during which the various technical compo-	SE
Test	nents of the three subsystems will be integrated and compliance	
	with ICDs and system level compliance as detailed in the LSST Ob-	
	servatory System Specifications document (OSS, LSE-30) will be	
	shown. Roughly 4-6 months into the System I&T phase, the tele-	
	scope and camera will be fully integrated and periodically produc-	
	ing science grade images over the full field of view, at which point	
	'System First Light' will be declared	



Systems Engineer

A member of the Systems Engineering group who works closely with the Systems Engineering Manager and the Systems Scientist on the integrated LSST system's various technical issues spanning the full life cycle of the entire project

Systems Engineering

an interdisciplinary field of engineering that focuses on how to SE design and manage complex engineering systems over their life cycles. Issues such as requirements engineering, reliability, logistics, coordination of different teams, testing and evaluation, maintainability and many other disciplines necessary for successful system development, design, implementation, and ultimate decommission become more difficult when dealing with large or complex projects. Systems engineering deals with workprocesses, optimization methods, and risk management tools in such projects. It overlaps technical and human-centered disciplines such as industrial engineering, control engineering, software engineering, organizational studies, and project management. Systems engineering ensures that all likely aspects of a project or system are considered, and integrated into a whole

Systems Engineering Manager

individual responsible for the oversight and coordination of the LSST systems engineering efforts as well as the management of the Systems Engineering group and work package. The SEM is also the CCB Chair and as such is responsible for the execution, technical oversight, and coordination of configuration control activities

**Systems** Scientist A member of the Systems Engineering group and chief liaison to Adm all project scientists; the Systems Scientist works closely with the Systems Engineering Manager and is responsible for the flowdown of science requirements. The Systems Scientist ensures that acceptance testing and commissioning address the science requirements



Task	Tasks are the basic unit of code re-use in the LSST Stack. They perform a well defined, logically contained piece of functionality. Tasks come standard with configuration, logging, processing metadata, and debugging features. For further details, see How to Write a Task in the source code documentation. Tasks can be nested, providing a natural way to structure - and configure - high level algorithms that delegate work to lower-level algorithms	DM
Technical Baseline Classified Index	An index linking to the various requirements documents, specifications documents, ICDs, design documents, budgets and allocations, and WBS dictionaries defining the current baseline of the LSST project's technical scope (LSE-90)	Adm
Telescope and Site	The LSST subsystem responsible for design and construction of the telescope structure, telescope mirrors, optical wavefront measurement and control system, telescope and observatory control systems software, and the summit and base facilities. The Telescope technical team is hosted by NOAO	Adm
Template	A co-added, single-band image of the sky that is deep, and created in a manner to remove transient or fast moving objects from the final image. Constituent images for templates may be selected from a limited range of quality parameters, such as PSF size or airmass. Such images are used to perform Difference Image Analysis in order to detect variable, transient, and Solar System astrophysical objects	DM
test stand	An environment used for testing the operation of the LSST Camera, or some component thereof. In the Data Management context, this generally refers to a simulated Camera readout system used to test the interface between the Camera and the DM system (see, for example, NTS)	DM CAM
Then-Year Cost	An extrapolation from the base year cost of a project element out to the year the cost actually will be incurred that accounts for es- calation rates	Adm
tidy data	Tidy datasets have a specific structure: each variable is a column, each observation is a row, and each type of observational unit is a table (Wickham, H., 2014, Journal of Statistical Software, Articles, 59, 1)	DM QA
tile	Obsolete form of sky tessellation, superseded by tracts/patches	DM



timebox	A limited time period assigned to a piece of work or other activity. Useful in scheduling work which is not otherwise easily limited in scope, for example research projects or servicing user requests	DM
tracklet	Links between unassociated DIASources within one night to identify moving objects	DM
tract	A portion of sky, a spherical convex polygon, within the LSST all-sky tessellation (sky map). Each tract is subdivided into sky patches	DM
transient	A transient source is one that has been detected on a difference image, but has not been associated with either an astronomical object or a solar system body	Sci
Travel Admin- istrator	The person responsible ensuring compliance with the LSST Travel Policy. S/he makes all travel arrangements for all individuals whose travel is paid by LSST. S/he also reviews all Travel Expense Reports (TER) to vet claimed expenses as allowable before submitting them for approval by the LSST Business Manager	Adm
User Generated Data Product	The products of User Generated Processing pipelines; these products will originate from the community, including project teams	DM
User Gener- ated Process- ing	Any (re)processing of LSST data performed by a user, with either custom pipelines or reconfigured LSST software, to create User Generated Data Products. This processing will originate from the community, including project teams	DM
Validation	A process of confirming that the delivered system will provide its desired functionality; overall, a validation process includes the evaluation, integration, and test activities carried out at the sys- tem level to ensure that the final developed system satisfies the intent and performance of that system in operations	Adm
Verification	The process of evaluating the design, including hardware and software - to ensure the requirements have been met; verification (of requirements) is performed by test, analysis, inspection, and/or demonstration	Adm
Visit	A sequence of one or more consecutive exposures at a given position, orientation, and filter within the LSST cadence. See Standard Visit, Alternate Standard Visit, and Non-Standard Visit	DM TS Sims



(noun) The pixels from a single CCD Exposure that overlap a given warp coadd patch, trimmed and resampled into the patch's coordinate system; in other words, an image that has been astrometrically registered to the common coordinate system of a tract The main survey of the LSST to cover at least 18000 square de-Wide-Fast-DM TS grees of the southern sky Deep a tool that defines and organizes the LSST project's total work Work Break-Adm down scope through the enumeration and grouping of the project's dis-Struccrete work elements ture Work Ele-The critical tasks of the LSST Project as represented in the WBS Adm ments World Coordia mapping from image pixel coordinates to physical coordinates; nate System in the case of images the mapping is to sky coordinates, generally in an equatorial (RA, Dec) system. The WCS is expressed in FITS file extensions as a collection of header keyword=value pairs (basically, the values of parameters for a selected functional representation of the mapping) that are specified in the FITS Standard